OMAN

BRIEF HISTORY

The ruling Al-Busaid dynasty descends from Sayyid Mubarak al-Saidi al-Azdy, of the Banu Hiba, a clan belonging to the Hiwani tribe of Yemen. His great great-grandson, Sayyid Ahmad bin Said, was elected as Imam in 1744, after the extinction of the Ya'rubi dynasty. His son, Sayyid Said bin Ahmad, seized temporal power in 1775. Elected as Imam on his father's death in 1783, Said was himself excluded from temporal power by his own sons in 1786. He died in 1811 (or 1803), the last elected Imam of Oman. The dynasty reached its zenith during the reign of Sayyid Said bin Sultan (r. 1806-1856), when Oman became the centre of a vast sea-borne empire along the coasts and islands of eastern Africa and the Persian Gulf. Sayyid Said established close relations with Britain and opened diplomatic relations with the US and France, built a great trading empire and established naval supremacy over the Persians in the Gulf. For much of his reign, he supervised his domains from Zanzibar. His death resulted in an inevitable family squabble over the succession. During a period of five years territory and trade were lost as both parties competed for power. Eventually, Lord Canning, the British Viceroy of India, negotiated a compromise splitting the domains between Said's sons. Sayyid Thuwaini was recognised as Sultan of Muscat and Oman and Sayyid Majid as Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies. Unfortunately for Oman, Zanzibar was the centre of the East African trade and the economic and financial powerhouse of the whole empire. A Zanzibari subsidy, to take account of the disparity in income, had been a feature of the Canning Award, but this soon became the chief source of revenue for the Omani rulers. The state gradually sank into a sleepy backwater for a period of 120 years. The rulers closed themselves off from the outside world, introduced few reforms, modernised nothing and frowned on any form of economic development. Very slow and painfully improvements emerged when government revenues began to increase after the discovery of oil. However, the reigning Sultan Said bin Taimur had inherited an empty Treasury at his accession and was forced to go cap in hand to the British, an experience he was keen to avoid for the rest of his life. He developed a parsimonious outlook which played into the hands of the discontented, particularly in the large desert province of Dhofar. Seizing on a perceived opportunity, the Egyptian dictator Nasser financed a full-scale rebellion. A full-scale secret war continued for

twenty-five years, eventually defeated by an army commanded by seconded officers from Britain, Iran, Jordan and Pakistan. In 1970, Sayyid Qaboos, the Sandhurst educated thirty-year old son of Sultan Said bin Taimur, engineered a quiet Palace revolution and seized power from his father. He began an immediate and massive modernisation programme. Roads, hospitals, schools, hotels, airports, public housing, shipbuilding, fisheries, pearling, all areas of public and econmic life suddenly sprouted into bloom. Oman achieved full independence with the termination of the British Protectorate in 1971, becoming a member of the Arab League and United Nations, later that same year. Today, the sleepy backwater is a model state, with perhaps the most highly educated and progressive people in the whole of the Middle East.

STYLES & TITLES:

The Sovereign: Sultan Sayyid (*personal name*) bin (*father's name*), Sultan of Oman and Dependencies, together with the style of *His Majesty*.

The male descendants of Sultan Faisal bin Turki, in the male line: Sayyid (*personal name*) bin (*father's name*) Al-Sa'id, with the style of *His Highness*.

The male descendants of previous Sultans, in the male line: Sayyid (*personal name*) bin (*father's name*) Al-Sa'id.

More distant male relatives, not descended from previous Sultans: Sayyid (*personal name*) bin (*father's name*) Al-Sa'id.

The female descendants of Sultan Faisal bin Turki, in the male line: Sayyid (*personal name*) bint (*father's name*) Al-Sa'id, with the style of *Her Highness*.

The female descendants of previous Sultans, in the male line: Sayyid (*personal name*) bint (*father's name*) Al-Sa'id.

More distant male relatives, not descended from previous Sultans: Sayyid (*personal name*) bint (*father's name*) Al-Busaidi.

More distant female relatives, not descended from previous Sultans: Sayyida (*personal name*) bint (*father's name*) Al-Busaidiyah.

RULES OF SUCCESSION:

The eldest male child of the reigning Sultan succeeds on his death. In the absence of a male heir, the reigning Sultan may nominate a brother or other male relative from amongst the male descendants of Sultan Said bin Sultan.

ORDERS AND DECORATIONS:

Please see link below.

GLOSSARY:

Aqid: Colonel (SOLF), Group Captain (ROAF), Captain (RON).

bin: 'son of'.

bint: 'daughter of'.

Dabit Murasha: Officer Cadet (SOLF, SOAF and SON).

Imam: title of the elected religious and temporal ruler of Oman until 1811.
Liwa: Major-General (SOLF), Air Vice-Marshal (ROAF), Rear-Admiral (RON).
Midal: medal.
Mulazim Awal: Lieutenant (SOLF), Flying Officer (ROAF), Sub-Lieutenant (RON).
Mulazim Awal: 2nd Lieutenant (SOLF), Pilot Officer (ROAF), Acting Sub-Lieutenant (RON).
Muqaddam: Lieutenant-Colonel (SOLF), Wing Commander (ROAF), Commander (RON).
Qiladat: collar, necklace.
Ra'is: Captain (SOLF), Flight Lieutenant (ROAF), Lieutenant (RON).
Ra'id: Major (SOLF), Squadron Leader (ROAF), Lieutenant-Commander (RON).
Sayyid: the title borne by male members of the ruling house.
Sayyida: the title borne by female members of the ruling house.
Sultan: ruler, king. The title of the ruler of Oman since the reign of Sayyid Said bin Sultan.
Wisam: Order of chivalry or decoration of honour.
Zayeem: Brigadier (SOLF), Air Commodore (ROAF), Commodore (RON).

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SPECIAL ACJNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Azzan Al-Busaidi.

H.H. Sayyid Juland bin Jaifer Al-Busaidi.

Dennis Aylett.

Morris Bierbrier, FSA.

GENEALOGY

continued from previous page.

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Sayyid Sa'id bin Mubarak Al-Busaidi Al-Azdi Al-Ammani Al-Ibadhi. He had issue:

- 1) Sayyid Khalaf bin Sa'id bin Mubarak Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
    - a) Sayyid Muhammad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. He had issue: .
        - i) Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
            - (1) Sayyid Ahmad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
                - (a) Sayyid Sa'id bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
                    - (i) H.H. Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa'id bin Muhammad bin Khalaf bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Azdi Al-Ammani Al-Ibadhi, Imam of Oman – see below.
    - b) Sayyid Ja'ad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
        - i) H.E. Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Ja'ad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. Governor of Zanzibar, Kilwa and Marka 1746-1765. He returned to his hometown of Adam, in Oman, after 20 years in East Africa, and died and buried there. He had issue:
            - (1) Sayyid Hamad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
                - (a) Sayyid Said bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
                    - (i) Sayyid Hamad bin Said Al-Busaidi. *b*. in Zanzibar, ca 1832. *m*. (first) at Zanzibar, ... *m*. (second) at Lamu, 1870, Mwana Shee wa Shee wa Pate Al-Husseini, a lady descended from the Al-Hussein sharifan family of Pate. He had issue, twenty-two children, including:
                        - 1. H.E. Sayyid Sulaiman bin Hamad [Hamed] Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1857 (eldest son). Governor of Mogadishu 1872-1893 and Marka from 1893.

- 2. Sayyid Salim bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. Deputy Governor of Mogadishu under Sultan Barghash. .
- 3. Sayyid Saleh bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. Deputy Governor. He had issue:
    - a. The Hon Shaikh al-Haj Hamed bin Saleh bin Hamed El Busaidy, OBE (c 1.1.1956, MBE c 1.1.1946). *Liwali* of Dar es-Salaam, MLC Tanganyika. Author of "*Ndoa na Talaka*" (1958).
- 4. H.E. Sayyid Said bin Hamad Al-Busaidi (*s/o* Shee) (related to Sultan Simba of Witu). Governor of Lamu 1865-1870 and 1885-1887, and of Malindi 1887-1889.
- 5. Sayyid Muhammad bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Lamu, 1872 (*s/o* Shee). Deputy Governor. *m*. (first) a cousin. *m*. (a) an African *suri*. He had issue:
    - a. H.E. Sayyid Said bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. Governor of Malindi.
    - b. Sayyid 'Ali bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (*s/o* a *suri*). *m*. (first) (*div*.) a cousin. *m*. (second) (*div*.) ... *m*. (a) an African *suri* (*d*. at Lamu, 1991). He had issue, a son and a daughter by his *suri*:
        - i. Sayyid Muhammad bin 'Ali bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *m*. (first) (*div*.) a cousin. *m*. (second) (*div*.) a daughter of Muhammad bin Ma'awiya al-

Ma'awiya. *m*. (third) a lady from Bajun. He *d*. at Lamu, 1991, having had issue, one son by his first wife, two sons and a daughter by his second, and none by his third wife.

- 6. Sayyid 'Ali bin Hamad Al-Busaidi (*s/o* Shee).
- 7. H.E. Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Hamad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi (*s/o* Shee). Governor of Malindi 1889-1891 and of Lamu 1891-1909. *m*. (first) (*div*.) Mwana Saada (*d.s.p.*), a cousin. *m*. (second) Fatuma bint Muhammad al-Bakri, daughter of Muhammad al-Bakri. One of these ladies was from the family of the Sultan of Witu. He had issue, two sons and one daughter:
    - a. Sayyid Muhammad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi (*s/o* Fatuma). He had issue:
        - i. Sayyid 'Ali bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (grandson of Abdullah bin Hamad). He had issue, a son:

- 1a. Sayyid Muhammad bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi. Big game hunter and government warden. He had issue:
    - 1b. Sayyid 'Ali bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. Electrician.

- b. Sayyid Saif bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi (*s/o* a *suri*).
- a. Sayyida Aisha bint 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi (*d/o* Fatuma). *m*. as his second wife, Ahmad bin 'Abdu'llah.

She had issue, two sons and two daughters, including.

- 1. Sayyida Fatuma bint Hamad Al-Busaidi (*d/o* Shee). *m*. Ma'awiya al-Ma'awiya. She had issue, one son and two daughters, who left many descendants.

- (1) A daughter. *m*. Shaikh Isa bin Salim Al-Barwani, son of Shaikh Salim bin Isa bin Amer Al-Barwani. She had issue, a son.

- c) Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
  - i) Sayyid Muhammad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
    - (1) Sayyid Sa'id bin Muhammad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
      - (a) Sayyid Muhammad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
        - (i) H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Muhammad bin Sa'id bin Muhammad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi. *Naib* of Muscat 1796-1800, *Wali* of Muscat 1800-1804. He *d*. at Muscat, a few days before 20th November 1804, having had issue, three sons and a daughter:
          - 1. Sayyid Aziz bin Saif bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a son:
            - a. Sayyid Saif bin Aziz Al-Busaidi.
          - 2. H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Saif bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (maternal uncle of Said bin Sultan). Governor of Zanzibar 1824-1828. He *d*. after October 1858, having had issue, four sons:
            - a. Sayyid Muhammad bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. *m*. (first) at Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 14th March 1865 (on the same day as her sister Mahfuza), Sayyida Zamzan bint Sa'id Al-

Busaidiyah (*b*. at Zanzibar, before 16th July 1836; *d.s.p*. at Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 13th June 1900, daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by an Ethiopian *suri*. He had issue, a son:

  - i. Sayyid Muhammad bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi.

- b. Sayyid Hamud bin Ahmad bin Saif Al-Busaidi (nephew of Ghanneyeh). *m*. (first) at Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 14th March 1865 (on the same day as her sister Zamzan) (*div*.), Sayyida Mahfuza bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id [Mutla] (*b*. at Zanzibar, 1840; *d*. at Zanzibar, before 5th July 1894), daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by an Ethiopian *suri*. *m*. (second) Aisha bint Juma al-Mugheiriyah M'Pemba (*m*. several times after her husband's death, and *d*. at Kiungani, Zanzibar, before 4th August 1932), a great opponent of freedom for the slaves, who constructed the Bint Juma Masjid in the Hammam in 1883, daughter of Juma bin Sa'id al-Mugheiry, of Pemba. He *d*. at Zanzibar, 1881, having had issue:

- i. Sayyid ‘Abdu’llah bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (*s/o* Mahfuza). He *d*. before 1894.
- ii. Sayyid Hilal bin Muhammad bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. *b*. before 1870 (*s/o* Mahfuza). He *d*. before 1894.
- iii. Sayyid Saif bin Hamud bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi.
- i. Sayyida Jokha bint Hamud bin Ahmad Al-Busaidiyah. A great opponent of freedom for the slaves.
- ii. Sayyida Khula bint Hamud bin Ahmad Al-Busaidiyah. Like her sister, a vehement opponent of freedom for the slaves.

- c. Sayyid Hilal bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1820, *educ*. privately. *m*. Sayyida Shaikha bint ‘Ali Al-Busaidiyah, youngest daughter of Sayyid ‘Ali bin Khalfan Al-Busaidi. He had issue, two sons and one daughter:
    - i. Sayyid Hamud bin Hilal Al-Busaidi.
    - ii. Sayyid Muhammad bin Hilal Al-Busaidi.
    - i. Sayyida Mahfuza bint Hilal Al-Busaidiyah.
- d. Sayyid Hamad bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi.

- 3. Sayyid Badr bin Saif bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (maternal uncle of Said bin Sultan).

- 1. Sayyida Ghanneyeh bint Saif Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. 1774. *m*. as his first wife, H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman (*b*. at Rustaq, 1755; *k*. oboard his yacht, the *al-Badri*, by pirates off Linjah, Persia, 17th November 1804, *bur*. Lingah), fifth son of Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, Imam of Oman, by the al-Jabry lady. She *d*. before 16th May 1866, having had issue – see below.

- (2) H.E. Sayyid Khalfan bin Muhammad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi, of Hail al-Ghaf. An early adherent of his cousin Ahmad, who successfully aided him in his bid for the Imamate by taking Nizwa and Izki on his behalf. *Wakil* of Muscat 1744-1749, *Wali* of Muscat 1749-1786. He built the Wakil Masjid in 1768. He had issue:

  - (a) Admiral H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Khalfan Al-Busaidi. *Wakil* of Muscat 1783-1786 & 1789-1792, Admiral and cdr of the Omani fleet 1786-1789. He built the Beit al-Felej. He had issue, a daughter:

    - (i) Sayyida Shamsiah bint Muhammad Al-Busaidiyah.

  - (b) H.E. Sayyid Suliman bin Khalfan Al-Busaidi. *Wakil* of Muscat 1786-1789. He *d*. 18xx (*bur*. Shaikh Jundani Masjid Cemetery, Mombasa, Kenya), having had issue, two sons:

    - (i) Sayyid Nasir bin Suliman Al-Busaidi, of Semed. He had issue, a son:

      - 1. Sayyid 'Ali bin Nasir Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a son:

        - a. Sayyid Sood bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi.

    - (ii) Sayyid Muhammad bin Suliman Al-Busaidi. He had issue, two sons:

- 1. Sayyid ‘Ali bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a son:
  - a. Sayyid Saif bin ‘Ali Al-Busaidi.
- 2. Sayyid Sa’id bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, of Hail al-Ghaf. He had issue, three sons:
  - a. Abu Zubair Sayyid Muhena bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi.
  - b. Sayyid Majid bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi.
  - c. Sayyid Hilal bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi.

- (c) Sayyid Majid bin Khalfan Al-Busaidi. Special Envoy to the French Governor of Mauritius in 1807, where he negotiated the Franco-Omani Treaty of 15th June 1807. He had issue, a son:
  - (i) Sayyid Saif bib Majid Busaidi.
- (d) Sayyid ‘Ali bin Khalfan Al-Busaidi. He had issue, one son and three daughters:
  - (i) Sayyid Azzan bin ‘Ali Al-Busaidi. He had issue, one son:
    - 1. H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Azzan Al-Busaidi. *Wazir*. He had issue, two daughters:
      - a. Sayyida Azzah bint Muhammad Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. Sayyid Ibrahim bin Qais Al-Busaidi (*d*. at Rustaq, 1898), sometime Governor of Sohar and Rustaq, second son of Sayyid Qais bin ‘Azzan Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Sohar and Rustaq. She had issue – see below.
      - b. Sayyida Nunuu bint Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *m*.

Sayyid Sa'id bun Muhammad Al-Busaidi.

- (i) Sayyida Shamsiah bint 'Ali Al-Busaidiyah.
- (ii) Sayyida Aseela bint 'Ali Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. Admiral H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Suliman Al-Busaidi, sometime Warden of Muscat, son of H.E. Sayyid Suliman bin Hamid Al-Busaidi, sometime *Wazir* of Zanzibar. She had issue, one son – see above.
- (iii) Sayyida Shaikha bint 'Ali Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. Sayyid Hilal bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi (*b*. at Muscat, 1820), son of Sayyid Ahmad bin Saif Al-Busaidi. She had issue, three children – see above.

- (e) Abu Zubair Sayyid Muhena bin Khalfan Al-Busaidi. Shaikh of the Wakil Masjid. He had issue:
  - (i) Sayyid Talib bin Muhena Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a son:
    - 1. H.E. Sayyid 'Ali bin Talib bin Muhena Al-Busaidi. Governor of Nizwa.
  - (ii) Sayyid Zahir [Dhahir] bin Muhena Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a daughter:
    - 1. Sayyida Thuweyeh bint Zahir Al-Busaidiyah. Settled at Bushire.
- (a) Sayyida Ghani bint Khalfan Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. before 1741, H.H. Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa'id bin Muhammad bin Khalaf bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Azdi Al-Ammani Al-Ibadhi, Imam of Oman (*b*. 1710; *d*. at Al-Batinah Fort, Rustaq, 15th December 1783, *bur*. there at the Western Fort), son of Sayyid Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi – see below.

- d) Sayyid Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
  - i) Sayyid Sa'id bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. He had issue: .
    - (1) H.E. Sayyid Hamid bin Sa'id bin Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. Governor of Zanzibar under Sayyid Sultan. He had issue:

- (a) H.E. Sayyid Nasser bin Hamid bin Sa'id bin Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. *Wazir* of Zanzibar 1828-1832. He had issue:

    - (i) H.E. Sayyid 'Ali bin Nasser Al-Busaidi. *Liwali* of Mombasa 1838-1844, Envoy Extr & Minister Plen to the Court of St James's 1838-1839 and 1842-1843. Taken prisoner by Bwana Mtakha of Siyu. He was tortured and *k*. with his sons, by his captors, at Siyu, January 1844.

    - (ii) Sayyid Muhammad bin Nasser Al-Busaidi [H.H. Prince Said Muhammad bin Nasser Mkadara, Prince Consort and Regent of Moheli]. Counsellor to Sultan Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan. Expelled from Moheli for cruelty 1859, returned six months later and expelled again in 1860. *m*. (first) an Arab lady from Zanzibar. *m*. (second) at Fomboni, Moheli, 9th September 1852, as his second wife (*div*. 1861), H.M. Sultana Jumbe Soudi Fatima binti 'Abdu'l Rahman [Fombe Fatoma ibniti Totototoani Aboderehmani], Sultana of Moheli (*b*. at Ouallah, 1836; *m*. second, at Fomboni, Moheli, February 1865, Said Omar bin Said Hussain bin Sultan Said 'Abdu'llah al-Masela, of Anjouan. *m*. third, 1872 (annulled 1875) Bakari Simba, Chief of Antalaot. *m*. fourth 1875, Emile Charles Marie Fleuriot de Langle. She *d*. at Jumbe Fomboni, Moheli, 1878), née Princess Raketaka, second daughter of H.H. Sultan 'Abdu'l Rahman bin 'Abdu'llah, Sultan of Moheli, by his second wife, Ravao, sometime Regent of Moheli, former wife of H.M. King Radama I, King of Madagascar, and daughter of Andriantsiahofa, of Imamo, Madagascar. He had issue, six sons:

        - 1. Sayyid Saif bin Muhammad Mkadara Al-Busaidi. *b*. ca. 1836 (*s/o* the Zanzibari lady). Arabic Sec to Sultana Fatima 1867-1874. *m*. at Fomboni, Moheli, Princess Jumbe

Salama (*b*. at Jumbe Fomboni, Moheli, 1839; *d*. ca. 1858), youngest daughter of H.H. Sultan ‘Abdu’l Rahman [Aboderehmani] bin ‘Abdu’llah, Sultan of Moheli, by his third wife, a Sakalava lady – see *Comoros* (*Moheli*).

- 2. Sayyid ‘Abdu’llah bin Muhammad Mkadara Al-Busaidi (*s/o* the Zanzibari lady).
- 3. Sayyid ... bin Muhammad Mkadara Al-Busaidi (*s/o* the Zanzibari lady).
- 4. H.H. Sultan Sayyid Muhammad [Mahamadi] bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, Sultan of Moheli (*s/o* Fatima) – see *Comoros* (*Moheli*).
- 5. H.H. Sultan Sayyid ‘Abdu’l Rahman [Abudurehmani II] bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, Sultan of Moheli (*s/o* Fatima) – see *Comoros* (*Moheli*)
- 6. H.H. Prince Sayyid Mahmud [Mahamudu] bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Fomboni, Moheli, 1863 (*s/o* Fatima), *educ*. Zanzibar. He returned to Moheli on 14th November 1885 and began preparations for the restoration of his dynasty, causing panic amongst the Arab faction. He opposed the French and Sultan Marjani, taking control of much of the island. Installed as Regent for his young sister, following consultation between the French and Mohelian authorities, 18th September 1889. Deposed for failing to stamp out slavery and tyranny, 9th October 1897. Deported to Zauzi with his son, nephew and three domestics and granted a pension of Fr 150 p.m. Avoided the French authorities, escaped to Zanzibar and appealed to

General Sir Lloyd Matthews for help, 29th January 1898. The French Consul succeeded in obtaining his security and despatched him to Sainte-Marie in Madagascar, where he was imprisoned in the local fort before being deported to Reunion. Reorganised the Order of the Star of Moheli 1888. He *d*. from dysentery, at Saint-Denis, Reunion, 18th October 1898, having had issue, a son:

- a. Prince Manini.

- (b) H.E. Sayyid Sulaiman bin Hamid bin Sa'id bin Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi [Bahari Maziwa='sea of milk']. *b*. before 4th November 1785, *educ*. privately. Head of the Cabinet and *Wazir* to Sultain Seyyid Said bun Sultan 1832-1856, Prime Minister of Zanzibar 1856-1870. He was the biggest landowner of both islands (after the sultanate) and was with the sultan and the leader of the clan Hamimou (the Mougne M' Kou) one of three main figures of the state. He *d*. at Mizinjany, Malindi, 10th December 1873, having had issue:

  - (i) Admiral H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Sulaiman bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1815, *educ*. privately. Adm and C-in-C of the abortive expedition sent by Thuwaini to wrest Zanzibar from Majid in 1856, Chief Minister of Zanzibar 1870-1875, Minister for War 1865-1870 & 1888-1890. Visited England in 1875. He *d*. at Zanzibar, 2nd March 1894, having had issue, two sons:

    - 1. Sayyid Sulaiman bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. He *d*. (drowned) with his son in a boating accident, at Uso, north of Zanzibar, 27th June 1909, having had issue:

      - a. Sayyid Hamad bin Sulaiman bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. He *d*. (drowned) with his father in a

boating accident, at Uso, north of Zanzibar, 27th June 1909.

- 2. Sayyid Saif ud-din bin Hamad Al-Busaidi.

- (ii) Admiral H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Sulaiman Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Admiral of the Omani fleet, Warden of Muscat in 1854. *m*. (first) a daughter H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar. *m*. (second) Sayyid Aseela bint 'Ali Al-Busaidiyah, second daughter of Sayyid 'Ali bin Khalfan Al-Busaidi. He had issue, three sons:

    - 1. Vice-Admiral Sayyid Ahmad bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1836. He *d.s.p*. after 1867.

    - 2. H.E. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1838, *educ*. privately. *Wazir* to Sultan Turki 1871-1873. *m*. a daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies. He was *k*. by a slave in the streets of Muscat, 13th August 1873.

    - 3. H.E. Sayyid Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1840 (*s/o* Aseela), *educ*. privately. *Wazir* to Sultan Turki 1873-1888 & Sultan Faisal 1896-1888, Joint *Wazir* 1900-1901. He *d*. at Muscat, 14th October 1901.

- (iii) H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Sulaiman Al-Busaidi. Second Envoy Extr & Minister Plen to the Court of St James's 1868.

- (iv) H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Sulaiman Al-Busaidi. Governor of Mattrah. He was *k*. in battle with Sayyid Turki, alongside Imam 'Azzan,

outside Matrah, 30th January 1871, having had issue, a son:

- 1. Sayyid Badr bin Saif Al-Busaidi.

- (i) Sayyida Sharifa bint Sulaiman Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. 1821. Dedicator of the Mchangani Masjid in 1878. *m*. (first) before 1870, Sayyid Salim bin Saleh Al-Busaidi, son of her paternal uncle, Sayyid Saleh bin Hamid bin Sa'id bin Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi – see below. *m*. (second) ... *m*. (third) ... *m*. (fourth) Sayyid Hamid bin Sulaiman, an important Minister in Zanzibar. She *d*. during the Haj, at Mecca, Arabia, 1880.

- (c) Sayyid Saleh bin Hamid bin Sa'id bin Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. He had issue:

  - (i) Sayyid Salim bin Saleh bin Hamid bin Sa'id bin Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. He constructed the Darajani Masjid. *m*. Sayyida Sharifa bint Sulaiman Al-Busaidiyah (*b*. 1821; *m*. second, ... *m*. third, ... *m*. fourth, Sayyid Hamid bin Sulaiman, and *d*. during the Haj, at Mecca, Arabia, 1880), daughter of his paternal uncle, H.E. Sayyid Sulaiman bin Hamid bin Sa'id bin Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi, sometime Prime Minister of Zanzibar. He had issue:

    - 1. Sayyid Saleh bin Salim bin Saleh bin Hamad bin Sa'id bin Hamad bin Khalaf Al-Busaidi. Dedicator of the Darajani Masjid 1900.

  - (i) Sayyida Aisha bint Saleh Al-Busaidiyah. Dedicator of the Mkunaziny Jibril Masjid.

The Al-Busaid Dynasty

GENEALOGY

continued from previous page.

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1744 - 1783 H. H. Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa'id bin Muhammad bin Khalaf bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Azdi Al-Ammani Al-Ibadhi (so styled on his grave), Imam of Oman. *b*. at Adam, 1710, son of Sayyid Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Appointed as Governor of Sohar under the Ya'rubi Imams in 1737. He repulsed the Persian attack upon Sohar, later defeated and expelled them from Muskat and assumed control over Oman, in late 1744. Elected as Imam, at Rustaq, 9th June 1749. Relinquished his personal control over day-to-day administrative affairs to his son, retaining his position as Imam, 1st February 1775. *m*. (first) an Indian lady. *m*. (second) before 1741, Sayyida Ghani bint Khalfan Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of H.E. Sayyid Khalfan bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Muscat. *m*. (third) ca 1749, Sayyida Ya'arubin bint Saif, daughter of Imam Saif II bin Sultan, of the former Yarubid Dynasty. *m*. (fourth) a sister of Shaikh Muhammad bin Nasir al-Jabry al-Ghafiry, of Zhahirah, a prominent leader of the Nizariyah faction and sometime Governor of Bahrain under the Yarubi. He *d*. at Al-Batinah Fort, Rustaq, 15th December 1783 (*bur*. there at the Western Fort, near the Great Mosque), having had issue, seven sons and three daughters:

- 1) Sayyid Hilal bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi (*s/o* an Indian lady). Disqualified from the succession due to his blindness. He *d.v.p*. at Diu, Portuguese India, having had issue, an only son:
    - a) Sayyid 'Ali bin Hilal Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Birka 1792. He *d.s.p*. .
- 2) *Al-Wasiq Billah al-Samad Imam al-Musliman* Sayyid Sa'id bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, Imam of Oman (*s/o* Ghani) – see below.
- 3) H.E. Sayyid Qais bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi (*s/o* the Ya'arubin), *educ*. privately. Governor of Sohar 1783-1808. Made himself independent of Imam Sa'id and was elected as Imam at Mesna'a, on the Batineh coast, early 1785, by a small number of dissident kazis and mullahs. Subsequently reconciled and confirmed as Governor of Sohar. He was *k*. in battle with Shaikh Sultan Al-Qasimi of Sharjah, at Khor Fakkan, May 1808, having had issue, a son and a daughter:
    - a) H.E. Sayyid 'Azzan bin Qais bin Imam Ahmad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Sohar 1808-1814. He *d*. while returning from the Haj, at Mokha, Yemen, before 22nd February 1814 , having had issue, three sons:
        - i) H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin 'Azzan Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Sohar 1829-1833. Rebelled against Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan in 1830 and again in 1832, took control of Rustaq, and eventually recognised as autonomous ruler by him in 1839. Elected Imam but declined the throne, 1846. Captured and

imprisoned by Thuwaini bin Sa'id. He *d*. in prison at Fort Jelali, Muscat, 23rd April 1850, having had issue, four sons:

- (1) H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. ca.1827, *educ*. privately. Deputy Governor of Sohar 1836-1849. Captured the Buraimi oasis 1848. He was *k*. by his father at Sohar, 1849, having had issue, a son:
    - (a) H.E. Sayyid Badr bin Saif bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. Governor of Sohar, Matrah and later Birka..
- (2) Sayyid Shanun bin Hamud Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He *d*. 1846.
- (3) Sayyid Hilal bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1840, *educ*. privately. He *d*. 1889, having had issue:
    - (a) Sayyid Sa'id bin Hilal Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
        - (i) Sayyid Muhammad bin Sa'id bin Hilal Al-Busaidi. He *d*.at Rustaq, before 14th March 1937 (*but*. there at the Western Fort, near the Great Mosque).
- (4) H.E. Sayyid Faisal bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1840, *educ*. privately. Governor of Rustaq 1870-1873. He had issue, two sons:
    - (a) Sayyid Muhammad bin Faisal Al-Busaidi. He was *k*. with his brother at Rustaq for the murder of the Governor there, March 1911 (*but*. there at the Western Fort, near the Great Mosque).
    - (b) Sayyid Ibrahim bin Faisal Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He was *k*. with his brother at Rustaq for the murder of the Governor there, March 1911 (*but*. there at the Western Fort, near the Great Mosque).

- ii) H.E. Sayyid Qais bin 'Azzan Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1813, *educ*. privately. Governor of Sohar 1850-1851, and Rustaq 1850-1861. He was *k*. in battle by Hilal bin Muhammad at Suwaiq, 1864, having had issue, three sons and two (or three?) daughters:
    - (1) H.H. Sayyid 'Azzan bin Qais bin 'Azzan Al-Busaidi, Imam of Muscat and Oman and dependencies – see below.
    - (2) H.E. Sayyid Ibrahim bin Qais bin 'Azzan Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Sohar 1871-1873,

and of Rustaq 1873-1898. Captured and lost Masua'ah in 1873 and 1882. Rebelled against Turki bin Sultan in 1877, but yielded and accepted a pension in 1883. Rebelled again in 1887 and captured 'Awabi in 1888. *m*. (first) Sayyida Azzah bint Muhammad Al-Busaidi, elder daughter of H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Azam Al-Busaidi, sometime *Wazir*. . (second) a daughter of Sayyid Hamid/Hamad bin (Ahmad?) bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi. He *d*. at Al-Batinah Fort, Rustaq, May 1898, having had issue, three sons and one daughter:

- (a) Sayyid Sa'id bin Ibrahim Al-Sa'id (brother-in-law of the Sultan). *b*. 1877, *educ*. privately. Expelled from Rustaq to Hazam on the death of his father in 1898. Lost 'Awabi to the Sultan in 1900, but recovered possession of Rustaq in 1903. He was *k*. at Rustaq by his cousins, March 1911, having had issue, two sons:
    - (i) H.E. Sayyid Faisal bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Rustaq, 1910. *educ*. Saiyyadah Sch, Muscat. Governor of Birka to 1940. He had issue:
        - 1. H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin Faisal Sa'id Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1960. Minister for Cabinet Affairs, for the Environment & Climate Affairs. He has issue, four sons:
            - a. Sayyid Azzan bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1988. .
            - b. Sayyid Ahmad bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1990.
            - c. Sayyid Faisal bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1994.
            - d. Sayyid Qais bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 2004.
    - (ii) H.E. Sayyid Ibrahim bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. Governor of Birka 1940-1941. He *d*. at Muscat, 10th June 1941, had issue, a daughter:

- 1. Sayyida Mahfuza bint Ibrahim Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. Sayyid Sultan bin Hamad Al-Sa'id, son of Sayyid Hamad bin Faisal Al-Sa'id.

- (b) Sayyid Hamad bin Ibrahim Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Rustaq, 1894, *educ*. privately.

- (c) H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Ibrahim Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Rustaq, 1896, *educ*. privately. Governor of Rustaq 1912-1917, and of Suwaiq 1917-1939, Minister for the Interior 1939-1970. *m*. (a) Leann, a Baluchi lady from Pakistan. *m*. (b) ... *m*. (c) ... He had issue:

  - (i) A daughter. *m*. (*div*. after seven days) H.E. Ismail bin Khalil Al-Rasasi, Dir of Education, Governor of Matrah 1939, Inspector of Governorates 1946, Ambassador to Iran 1974-1976, a Palestinian.

  - (ii) A daughter. *m*. (*div*. the following morning) Ismail bin Khalil Ar-Rasasi, the former husband of her elder sister.

- (d) Sayyid Ibrahim bin Ibrahim Al-Busaidi. *b*. posthumously, at Rustaq, 1898, *educ*. privately.

- (a) Sayyida Zayariah bint Ibrahim Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. at Muscat, 1898, as his third wife, H.H Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE (*b*. at Bombay, 1864; *d*. at Muscat, 15th October 1913), second son of H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCSI. She *d*. at Muscat, 4th December 1941, having had issue – see below.

- (1) Sayyida ... bint Qais bin 'Azzan Al-Busaidiyah (same as 'Azza?). *m*. H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Thuwaini, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies. *b*. at Muscat, 1839; *d*. at the Fort, Hyderabad, Scind, 7th December 1876), eldest son of H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, by his wife, Sayyida Ghaliya bint Salim Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman. She had issue, – see below.

- (2) Sayyida Asillah bint Qais bin ‘Azzan Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. at Rustaq, *educ*. privately. She *d*. at Rustaq, 10th August 1873 (*but*. there at the Western Fort, near the Great Mosque).

- (3) Sayyida ‘Azza bint Qais bin ‘Azzan Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. at Rustaq, *educ*. privately. She *d*. at Rustaq, before 1st May 1900 (*but*. there at the Western Fort, near the Great Mosque).

- iii) Sayyid Muhammad bin ‘Azzan bin Qais Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He had issue, a daughter:

- (1) Sayyida Thuraya bint Muhammad bin ‘Azzan Al-Busaidiyah. .

- a) Sayyida ... bint Qais bin Imam Ahmad Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Sa’id (*d*. at Muscat, 1819), sometime Governor of Muscat, eldest son of *Al-Wasiq Billah al-Samad Imam al-Musliman* Sayyid Sa’id bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi Al-Azdi Al-Ammani Al-Ibadhi, Imam of Oman. She had issue – see below.

- 4) Sayyid Saif bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Adam, 17xx (*s/o* the al-Jabry lady), *educ*. privately. He left for East Africa immediately after the death of his father, where he sought to seize his territories for himself. He succeeded in taking Fort Jesus, in Mombasa, but was forced to retire to Lamu when Ahmad bin Sa’id the younger marched in and seized the fort 23rd January 1785. *m*. Sayyida Muza bint Ahmad Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Imam Sa’id Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Muscat and Rustaq, by his wife, a daughter of H.E. Sayyid Qais bin Imam Ahmad Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Sohar. He *d*. at Lamu, in East Africa, early 1785, having had issue, two sons and one daughter:

- a) H.E. Sayyid Badr bin Saif Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Proclaimed as Regent for the young brothers Sayyids Salim and Saif, 20th November 1804. Deposed for attempting to seize supreme power, 31st July 1806. He was *k*. by adherents of Sayyid Sa’id, at Na’aman, near Birka, 31st July 1806, having had issue, two sons:

- i) Sayyid Hamud bin Badr Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Deputy Governor of Rustaq in 1833.

- ii) Sayyid Saif bin Badr Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He had issue, three sons:

- (1) Sayyid Hamid bin Saif Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He *d*. 1870. .

- (2) Sayyid ‘Ali bin Saif Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He *d*. 1863.
- (3) Sayyid Muhammad bin Saif Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1855, *educ*. privately. He had issue, two sons:
    - (a) Sayyid Hamud bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1887, *educ*. privately. *m*. (first) Sayyida Athmu bint Hamad Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of Sayyid Hamad bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *m*. (second) Sayyida Na’ama bint Thabit Al-Sa’id, daughter of Sayyid Thabit bin ‘Abdu’llah Al-Busaidi. He had issue, four sons:
        - (i) Sayyid Saif bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1908 (*s/o* Sayyida Athmu).
        - (ii) Sayyid ‘Ali bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1919 (*s/o* Sayyida Na’ama).
        - (iii) Sayyid Badr bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1922 (*s/o* Sayyida Na’ama).
        - (iv) H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1926. Sec to the Sultan 1970-1972, Head of Diwan Affairs 1972-1973, Minister for Diwan Affairs 1973.
    - (b) Sayyid Saud bin Saif Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately.

- b) H.E. Sayyid ‘Ali bin Saif Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Kilwa and Mafia 1785, and Lamu. He was *k*. (assassinated) at Lamu, 1850, having had issue:
    - i) H.E. Sayyid Sa’ud bin ‘Ali Al-Busaidi [Su’ud/ Sa’id/ Sa’ud], *educ*. privately. Governor of Birka 1830-1832, and of Rustaq 1832-1833, Mbr of the Council of Regency 1832. *m*. Sayyida Zuwayna bint Sa’id Al-Busaidiyah (*d*. at the Bait al-Mtoni, Zanzibar, aged over 80 years, before 1883), eldest daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sa’id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-‘Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by a junior wife. He was *k*. by Sultan bin Ahmad, at Rustaq, before 21st May 1833, having had issue, a son:
        - (1) Sayyid ‘Ali bin Saud Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1814 (*s/o* Zuwayna), *educ*. privately. He *d.s.p*. at the Bait al-Mtoni, Zanzibar, 11th April 1884 (*bur*. there).

- a) H.H. Sayyida Azza bint Saif Al-Busaidiyah (*d/o* Muza). *m*. at Muscat, before 1823, as his first wife, H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar (*b*. at Sumail, 9th July 1792; *d*. on board the *Kitorie*, off the Seychelles, 19th October 1856, *bur*. Zanzibar), second son of H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman, by his first wife, Sayyida Ghanneyeh bint Saif Al-Busaidi, daughter of H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Muhammad bin Sa'id bin Muhammad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi, sometime *Wali* of Muscat. She *d*. at the Bait al-Mtoni, Zanzibar, after 1859, having had issue an only child who died young – see below.

- 5) H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman (*s/o* the al-Jabry lady) – see below.

- 6) Sayyid Talib bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi. Governor of Nakhl 1814-1815, and of Rustaq 1815 (confirmed 1821)-1832. He *d*. at Al-Batinah Fort, Rustaq, before 10th September 1832, having had issue:

  - a) H.E. Sayyid 'Ali bin Talib bin Al-Imam Ahmad Al-Busaidi. Governor of Sumail. He had issue:

    - i) Sayyid Nasir bin 'Ali bin Talib Al-Busaidi.

- 7) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi (*s/o* Sayyida Ya'aruli). Governor of Suwaiq during his father's lifetime. Governor-General of Mombasa and the East African territories 1784. He *d*. at Lamu, having had issue, one son and one daughter:

  - a) H.E. Sayyid Hilal bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Suwaiq, 1803, *educ*. privately. Governor of Suwaiq 1832-1861, of Nizwa and Bahlah. *m*. a daughter of H.E. Sayyid Saif bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi, Governor of Gwadar, by his wife, Sayyida Aisha bint Sultan Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, sometime Regent of Muscat and Oman, only daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman. He was *k*. by his cousin, Sayyid Qais bin 'Azzan, at Suwaiq, 1861, having had issue, three sons:

    - i) Sayyid 'Ali bin Hilal Al-Busaidi. He *d*. 1880.

    - ii) Sayyid Hamad bin Hilal Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Suwaiq, 1860, *educ*. privately. He *d*. in East Africa, 1886, having had issue, four sons and one daughter:

      - (1) Sayyid Muhammad bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1877, *educ*. privately. Governor of Nakhl.

- (2) H.E. Sayyid Saud bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1880, *educ*. privately. Governor of Izki. He had issue, four sons:
    - (a) Sayyid Ahmad bin Saud Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He had issue, two sons:
        - (i) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1920, *educ*. Sayyidiya Sch, Nizwa. Minister for Justice 1970-1972, for Lands 1972-1976, and the Interior 1976-1979, Adviser on Religious and Historical Affairs to the Sultan 1979. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). He had issue, three sons:
            - 1. H.E. Sayyid Hilal bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. He had issue, one son:
                - a. H.E. Sayyid Mohiddin bin Hilal Al-Busaidi.
            - 2. Sayyid Nuh bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi.
            - 3. Sayyid Zaki bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi.
        - (ii) Sayyid Hamid bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. UK.
    - (b) H.E. Sayyid Badr bin Saud Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Khassab 1945, and of Gwadur 1945-1947. He had issue, two sons:
        - (i) H.E. Sayyid Bashir bin Badr Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a son:
            - 1. Sayyid Harith bin Bashir Al-Busaidi.
        - (ii) H.E. Sayyid Tahir bin Badr Al-Busaidi.
    - (c) H.E. Sayyid Ibrahim bin Saud Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Khassab 1947. He had issue, four sons:
        - (i) Sayyid Ghalib bin Ibrahim Al-Busaidi.
        - (ii) H.E. Sayyid Sa'id bin Ibrahim Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a son:
            - 1. Sayyid Sultan bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi.

        - (iii) H.E. Sayyid Saud bin Ibrahim Al-Busaidi.
        - (iv) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Ibrahim Al-Busaidi.
    - (d) H.E. Sayyid Hilal bin Saud Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Khassab 1945-1947, and of Gwadur 1947. He had issue, five sons:
        - (i) Sayyid Hamad bin Hilal Al-Busaidi. Governor of Sur 1925 and 1945-1946, Quriyat 1941, Gwadur 1941-1945, and Sohar 1946-1947. He *d*. August 1947.
        - (ii) Sayyid Rafi' bin Hilal Al-Busaidi.
        - (iii) Sayyid Sultan bin Hilal Al-Busaidi.
        - (iv) Sayyid Majid bin Hilal Al-Busaidi.
        - (v) Sayyid Saif bin Hilal Al-Busaidi.
- (3) Sayyid Badr bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. He *d.s.p*. 1904.
- (4) H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin Hamad Al-Busaidi Rathabia. *b*. 1883, *educ*. privately. Governor of Sur, and of Suwaiq 1925-1928. He *d*. at Muscat, 19th July 1928, having had issue, two sons:
    - (a) H.E. Sayyid Nasir bin Hamud Al-Busaidi Rathabia. Governor of Saham 1918, Suwaiq 1928-1932, Masnah 1932, and Luwa to1944. He had issue, five sons and a daughter:
        - (i) H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin Nasir Al-Busaidi. Deputy Governor of Muttrah. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). He had issue, three sons:
            - 1. H.E. Sayyid Al-Mutassim bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. Minister for the Regions & Municipality Affairs 1985-1987, Minister of State for Defence, Minister for Labour & Vocational Training, Minister of State and Governor of Muscat from 1991. Presdt Musandam Development Cttee. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010).

        - 2. H.E. Sayyid Mahmud bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. .
        - 3. H.E. Sayyid Faisal bin Hamud Al-Busaidi.
    - (ii) H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Nasir Al-Busaidi.
    - (iii) H.E. Sayyid Es'ad bin Nasir Al-Busaidi.
    - (iv) H.E. Sayyid Yahya bin Nasir Al-Busaidi.
    - (v) H.E. Sayyid Hilal bin Nasir Al-Busaidi.
    - (i) H.H. Sayyida Shawana bint Nasir Al-Busaidiyah [Umm Talal]. *m*. 19th June 1946, as his second wife, H.H. Sayyid Tariq bin Taimur Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Bombay, India, 30th June 1921; *d*. 1980), sometime Prime Minister of Oman, third son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Taimur bin Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, KCIE, CSI, by his third wife, Kamila Khanum, née Ilgiray, a Circassian lady from Turkey. She had issue, two sons and one daughter – see below.
- (b) H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. Private Sec to Sultan Sa'id bin Taimur and Sec Ministry of External Affairs 1965-1970, Cabinet Sec 1971-1972, Minister of the Royal Diwan 1972-1986, Personal Adviser to Sultan Qaboos 1986-2002. He *d*. 2002, having had issue, four sons and four daughters, including:
    - (i) H.E. Sayyid Sa'ami bin Hamad bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. Chair Sami & Bros Co (SABCO) LLC. He *d*. 1988, having had issue, five sons:
        - 1. Sayyid Aymen bin Sa'ami bin Hamad Al-Busaidi.
        - 2. Sayyid Khalid bin Sa'ami bin Hamad Al-Busaidi.
        - 3. Sayyid Faisal bin Sa'ami bin Hamad Al-Busaidi.

- 4. Sayyid Badr bin Sa'ami bin Hamad Al-Busaidi.
- 5. Sayyid Ibrahim bin Sa'ami bin Hamad Al-Busaidi.

- (ii) H.E. Sayyid Badr bin Hamad bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 30th May 1960, *educ*. Sa'ideyya Schs, Muscat and Salalah, privately in North Wales and London, and at St Catherine's Coll, Oxford (M.Lit 1988). Joined Ministry of Foreign Affairs 1988, First Sec 1989, Counsellor 1990, Anbassador 1996, Chief of Staff to the Minister 1997-2000, Under Sec Ministry of Foreign Affairs 2000, Sec-Gen Ministry of Foreign Affairs in 2010. Chair Sami & Bros Co (SABCO) LLC 1988-2000 (principal shareholder), MEDRC Exec Council since 1996, etc. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). *m*. 1979 (*div*. 1993) Noora bint 'Abdu'llah Al-Daher (b. 1964), daughter of 'Abdu'llah bin Mahawish Al-Daher, a Saudi national. He had issue, one son and three daughters:
    - 1. Sayyid Nasir bin Badr bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1980.
    - 1. Sayyida Aseelah bint Badr bin Hamad Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. at Muscat, 1982.
    - 2. Sayyida Salsabeel bint Badr bin Hamad Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. at Muscat, 1987.
    - 3. Sayyida Mazan bint Badr bin Hamad Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. at Muscat, 1988.
- (iii) H.E. Sayyid Khalid bin Hamad bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 7th June 1964, *educ*. Sa'ideyya Schs, Muscat and Salalah, Sultan's Sch, Seeb, Oxford Univ (BA 1986), and Henley Management Coll (MBA 1997). Dir-Gen of Admin & Finance in

the Ministry of Social Affairs & Labour until 1996, Chair Sami & Bros Co (SABCO) LLC since 1998, National Mineral Water Co, and Al Ahli Bank SAOG. Chair Oman Football Assoc since 2007. Vice-Chair Oman Song Festival. Mbr World Business Council. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 3rd class (21.1.2009). *m*. 14th December 1992, ... He has issue, one son and one daughter:

        - 1. Sayyid Hamad bin Khalid Al-Busaidi. *b*. 8th June 2000.
        - 1. Sayyida Khulud bint Khalid Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. 14th October 1994.
      - (iv) H.E. Sayyid Aymen bin Hamad bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. Vice-Chair Sami & Bros Co (SABCO) LLC.
      - (i) H.E. Sayyida Wafa bint Hamad bin Hamud Al-Busaidiyah.
    - (1) Sayyid Asila bint Hamad Al-Busaidi.
  - iii) Sayyid Mathi bin Hilal Al-Busaidi.
 - a) Sayyida Jokha bint Muhammad Al-Busaidiyah. She seized Suwaiq in 1828 but was defeated by her aunt, Sayyida Moza.
- 1) Sayyida Moza bint Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Busaidiyah. She played a very prominent part in the affairs of Oman, in particular as guardian and support of her nephews Salim and Sa’id, after the death of their father.
- 2) Sayyida Mira bint Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Busaidiyah.
- 3) Sayyida M... bint Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Busaidiyah.

1783 – 1811 *Al-Wasiq Billah al-Samad Imam al-Musliman* Sayyid Sa’id bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi, Imam of Oman. *b*. 1741, second son of Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa’id bin Muhammad bin Khalaf bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi Al-Azdi Al-Ammani Al-Ibadhi, by his wife, Sayyida Ghani bint Khalfan Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of H.E. Sayyid Khalfan bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Assumed control over administrative affairs from his father January 1775. Proclaimed as Imam, after the death of his father, at Rustaq 15th December 1783. He relinquished his personal control over day-to-day administrative affairs to his third son, Hamad, the Governor of Muscat, who assumed the regency by 1789. At Hamad’s death in 1792, he resumed direct control oncemore,

but retreated to a life of indolence and allowed his surviving sons and other relations almost total freedom to govern as they saw fit. He remained the traditional capital in Rustaq and continued to hold the title of Imam until his death, the last of the Busaidi family to enjoy that position and rank. He *d*. at Al-Batinah Fort, Rustaq, 1811 (*bur*. there), having had issue, four sons:

- 1) H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Imam Sa'id Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He took possession of Zanzibar in 1784 and Fort Jesus, Mombasa, on behalf of his father, 23rd January 1785. Governor of Muscat 1792-1811, and of Rustaq 1811-1812. *m*. a daughter of H.E. Sayyid Qais bin Imam Ahmad Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Sohar. He *d*. at Muscat, 1819, having had issue, five sons and a daughter:
    - a) General (*Amir*) H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Ahmad al-Busaidy 'Wad Sammar'. Governor of Bandar Abbas, Generalissimo of the Zanzibar Army, who subdued Barawa, Patta, Siwi and Marika on the Somali Coast in 1822, and Mombasa, Pate and Pemba from the Mazrui in 1824, and sacked Mogadishu in 1828, Governor of Nakhl 1832-1843. He was *k*. in a hail of arrows after the unsuccessful assault on Siyu, at Faza, Pate, 6th January 1844 (*bur*. Rasini), having had issue:
        - i) Sayyid Ahmad bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1821, *educ*. privately. Counsellor of State to Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan in 1854. He had issue:
            - (1) Sayyid Hamad bin Ahmad al-Busaid. He had issue:
                - (a) Sayyid Ahmad bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *m*. a daughter of Sayyid Harub Al-Busaidi, by his wife, Sayyida Khula bint Badr Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of Sayyid Badr bin Hamid Al-Sa'id. He had issue, a daughter:
                    - (i) Sayyida Nour bint Ahmad bin Hamad bin Ahmad bin Hamad bin Ahmad Al-Busaidiyah [Nunuu] [H.H. Sultana of Zanzibar]. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, *educ*. privately. Patroness Sayyida Ma'atuka Coll, Sultana Nunuu Traning Coll, Sayyida Ma'atuka Maternity Home, Zanzibar Ladies' Club, etc, *rcvd*: the Order of the Brilliant Star of Zanzibar 1st class (5.10.1956), and Queen Elizabeth II Coron (1.6.1953) medal. *m*. at the Sultan's Palace, Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 1940, as his second wife, H.H. Sultan Sayyid Sir Khalifa II bin Harub, Sultan of Zanzibar

and its dependencies, GCB, GCMG, GBE (*b*. at Muscat, Oman, 26th August 1879; *d*. at the Sultan's Palace, Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 9th October 1960), only son of Sayyid Harub bin Thuwaini Al-Said, of Muscat, by his wife, Sayyida Turkiya bint Turki Al-Said, former wife of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Hamad bin Thuwaini, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCSI, and eldest daughter of H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCSI. She *d*. at Muscat, Oman, before 2004 – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).

- (b) ? Sayyid Hilal bin Hamad Al-Samar Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
    - (i) Sayyid Hamad bin Hilal bin Hamad Al-Samar Al-Busaidi. He had issue:
        - 1. H.H. Sayyid Hilal bin Hamad Al-Samar Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Sur, 1927, *educ*. privately. Governor of Nizwa, Minister for Justice and the Interior 1973-1982, Minister for Justice, Religious Trusts & Islamic Affairs 1982-1987, State Counsellor for Judicial Affairs, Chair State Security Court 1994 & 2005, State Adviser for Justice since 2005. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). He had issue, six sons and three daughters, including:
            - a. H.H. Sayyid Hamad bin Hilal bin Hamad Al-Samar Al-Busaidi. Governor of Muscat 1983-1991, Under-Sec for Labour Affairs in the Ministry of Manpower 2005, Permanent Representative to UN General Assembly New York.
            - b. H.H. Sayyid Saud bin Hilal bin Hamad Al-Samar Al-

Busaidi. Governor of Musandam since 2010. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 3rd class (24.11.2010).

- 2. H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Hamad Al-Sammar Al-Busaidi. Governor of Sur, and of Muscat 1983-1991, Advisor for Foreign Affairs 1991-1992, Ambassador to the UAE 1992.

- b) Sayyid Sa'id bin Ahmad al-Busaidi . He *d*. before 1907.
- c) Sayyid Sultan bin Ahmad al-Busaidi . He *d*. 1874.
- d) Sayyid 'Abid bin Ahmad al-Busaidi . He *d*. before 1907.
- e) Sayyid Muhammad bin Ahmad al-Busaidi . He *d*. 1856, having had issue, a son:
    - i) Sayyid Ahmad bin Muhammad al-Busaidi . He *d*. 1899.
- a) Sayyida Muza bint Ahmad Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. Sayyid Saif bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi (*b*. at Adam, 17xx; *d*. at Lamu, in East Africa, early 1785), fourth son of H.H. Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa'id bin Muhammad bin Khalaf bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Azdi Al-Ammani Al-Ibadhi, by his wife, a sister of Shaikh Muhammad bin Nasir al-Jabry al-Ghafiry, of Zhahirah, sometime Governor of Bahrain. She had issue, two sons and one daughter – see above
- b) Sayyida ... bint Ahmad Al-Busaidi. *m*. Shaikh Nasir bin Muhammad al-Ghafiry as-Shakily al-Ghafiry, of Zhahirah, son of Shaikh Muhammad bin Nasir al-Jabry al-Ghafiry, of Zhahirah, sometime Governor of Bahrain.

- 2) H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Imam Sa'id Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He took control of Muscat in 1786, gradually extended his control of the other forts and towns until he had assumed complete temporal power from his father, and becoming Regent and C-in-C in 1789. His father remained as spiritual and supreme leader with the title of *Imam* at the traditional capital in Rustaq, leaving the cares of administration and foreign trade to his able son. He *d.v.p*. from small-pox, at Muscat, 13th March 1792 (*bur*. there on the slope of the central Wadi), having had issue, two sons:
    - a) Sayyid Hilal bin Hamad bin Imam Sa'id Al-Busaidi.
    - b) Sayyid Hamid bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. He had issue:

- i) Sayyid Hilal bin Hamid Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1809. Counsellor of State to Sultan Sayyid Thuwaini in 1854. He *d*. 1868, having had issue, a son:
    - (1) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Hilal Al-Busaidi. Governor of Sib. He *d*. 1904, having had issue, one son:
        - (a) Sayyid Hilal bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1885, *educ*. privately.
- ii) Sayyid Badr bin Hamid Al-Busaidi. He *d*. 1873, having had issue, five sons and one daughter:
    - (1) Sayyid Ahmad bin Badr Al-Busaidi. He had issue, two sons:
        - (a) Sayyid Harub bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1893, *educ*. privately.
        - (b) H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. Governor of Masna'ah 1930, of Muttrah 1930-1931, Sib 1941-1946, Dhofar 1946-1948, and Sib 1948. He had issue, four sons:
            - (i) H.E. Sayyid Sultan bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. Governor of Rustaq 1959. He had issue, four sons:
                - 1. Sayyid Saif bin Sultan Al-Busaidi. He had issue, one son:
                    - a. Sayyid Hamud bin Saif Al-Busaidi.
                - 2. H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Sultan Al-Busaidi. Ambassador to France.
                - 3. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan Al-Busaidi.
                - 4. Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Sultan Al-Busaidi.
            - (ii) H.E. Sayyid Badr bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. Governor of Qurayat 1930. He had issue, two sons:
                - 1. Sayyid Ghalib bin Badr Al-Busaidi.
                - 2. H.E. Sayyid Hilal bin Badr Al-Busaidi. Presdt of the Municipalities of

Muscat and Muttrah 1938-1945, Mbr Council of State 2004-2007.

        - (iii) Sayyid Ahmad bin Hamud Al-Busaidi.
        - (iv) H.E. Sayyid ‘Ali bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. Governor of Saham 1927, and of Gwadur 1927-1931. He *d*. at Birka, 9th August 1931.
    - (c) ? Sayyid Muhammad bin Ahmad al-Ghasham Albu Sa’id. Governor of Sohar and Sur under Sultan Faisal, subsequently he accompanied young Taimur to India in 1903, and served as Governor of Matrah, Financial Minister and as President of the Council of Ministers under Taimur.
- (2) Sayyid Hamud bin Badr Al-Busaidi. He *d*. 1886, having had issue, two sons:
    - (a) H.E. Sayyid Hilal bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1880, *educ*. privately. Governor of Birka 1918. He had issue, one son:
        - (i) Sayyid ‘Ali bin Hilal Al-Busaidi..
    - (b) Sayyid Ya’arub bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1886, *educ*. privately. He had issue, five sons:
        - (i) Sayyid Talib bin Ya’arub Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He had issue, three sons:
            - 1. Sayyid Muhammad bin Talib Al-Busaidi.
            - 2. Sayyid Hamud bin Talib Al-Busaidi.
            - 3. Sayyid ‘Ali bin Talib Al-Busaidi.
        - (ii) H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Ya’arub Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Dhofar 1897.
        - (iii) Sayyid Nasir bin Ya’arub Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately.
        - (iv) Sayyid Hilal bin Ya’arub Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately.
        - (v) Sayyid Muhammad bin Ya’arub Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately.

- (3) Sayyid Muhammad bin Badr Al-Busaidi. He *d*. 1901.
- (4) H.E. Sayyid ‘Ali bin Badr Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1853, *educ*. privately. Governor of Birka. He *d*. having had issue, four sons:
    - (a) H.E. Sayyid Hilal bin ‘Ali Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1881, *educ*. privately. Governor of Shinas 1918, and of Rustaq. He *d*. September 1942, having had issue, two sons:
        - (i) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Hilal Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Sur 1947.
        - (ii) Sayyid Ahmad bin Hilal Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He had issue, one son:
            - 1. Sayyid al-Mardas bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi.
    - (b) Sayyid Mansur bin ‘Ali Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1893, *educ*. privately.
    - (c) H.E. Sayyid Saud bin ‘Ali Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Dhofar to 1940, and Sur 1940-1945. He *d*. at Muttrah, 2nd November 1945.
    - (d) Sayyid Badr bin ‘Ali Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. .
- (5) H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Badr Al-Busaidi al-Ghasham. *b*. 1861, *educ*. privately. Governor of Khahurah 1906, of Quryat 1915-1918, of Gwadur 19xx-1915, 1918-1927, Sohar 1927-1930, and Sur 1930-1932. He *d*. ca. 1932, having had issue, a daughter:
    - (a) Sayyida ... bint Saif Al-Busaidiyah al-Ghasham. *m*. (first) (*div*. 1927), H.E. Sayyid Salim bin Faisal Al-Sa’id (*b*. at the Beit al-‘Alam, Muscat, 1897; *d.s.p.*), sometime Governor of Gwadur, seventh son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa’idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE . *m*. (second) at Muscat, 7th October 1927, H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Faisal Al-Sa’id (*b*. at the Beit al-‘Alam, Muscat, 1893), sometime Minister for Internal Affairs, elder half-brother of her first husband and fifth son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Faisal bin Turki,

Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE. She had issue, by her second husband – see below.

- (1) Sayyida Khula bint Badr Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. Sayyid Harub Al-Busaidi. She had issue:
    - (a) Sayyid Ahmad bin Harub Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a son and a daughter:
        - (i) Sayyid Saud bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. Urban Dist Cmsnr for Zanzibar in 1958. *m*. Sayyida Samira bint Seif Al-Busaidi, *educ*. at Cairo, Egypt, and the Univ of Chicago, Illinois, USA, teacher in mathematics and literature, younger daughter of Sayyid Saif. He had issue, two daughters, including:
            - 1. H.E. Sayyida Dr Rawya bint Saud Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. in Kenya, *educ*. Oxford Univ (PhD). Minister for Higher Education in Oman since 2004, when she became the first woman in Arabia to head a government ministry. Chair Sultan Qaboos Univ Governing Council, and the Coll of Law Governing Brd. Deputy Chair Council for Higher Education, Science Research Council, etc.
    - (a) Sayyida ... bint Harub Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. Sayyid Ahmad bin Hamad Al-Busaidi, son of Sayyid Hamad bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi. She had issue – see above.

- 3) Sayyid Nasir bin Imam Sa'id Al-Busaidi. He *d*. 1812, having had issue, three sons:
    - a) H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Nasir Al-Busaidi. Governor of Sohar 1884 and 1888-1893. He *d*. at Sohar, 1893.
    - b) Sayyid Saif bin Nasir Al-Busaidi. He *d*. 1896.
    - c) Sayyid Ahmad bin Nasir Al-Busaidi.
- 4) Sayyid Saif bin Imam Sa'id Al-Busaidi. He *d*. 1809.

GENEALOGY

continued from previous page.

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11803 - 1804 H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman. *b*. at Rustaq, 1755, fifth son of Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, Imam of Oman, by his wife, a sister of Shaikh Muhammad bin Nasir al-Jabry al-Ghafiry, of Zhahirah, sometime Governor of Bahrain, *educ*. privately. Resided in exile at Gwadar 1784-1792. Recalled to Muscat following the death of his nephew and installed as Regent by his brother, at Muscat, 18th March 1792. Concluded a treaty with the HEIC, 12th October 1798. *m*. (first) Sayyida Ghanneyeh bint Saif Al-Busaidi (*b*. 1774; *d*. before 16th May 1866), daughter of H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Muhammad bin Sa'id bin Muhammad bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi, sometime *Wali* of Muscat. *m*. (second) a daughter of H.E. Sayyid Suliman bin Hamid Al-Busaidi, long time *Wazir* of Zanzibar. *m*. (third) a lady from the Al-Wahiba. *m*. (fourth) a daughter (*d*. before 23rd April 1803) of Shaikh Nasir bin Muhammad al-Ghafiry as-Shakily al-Ghafiry, of Zhahirah. He was *k*. onboard his yacht, the *al-Badri*, by pirates off Linjah, Persia, 17th November 1804 (*bur*. there), having had issue, three sons and one daughter:

- 1) H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman (*s/o* Ghanneyeh) – see below. .
- 2) H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar (*s/o* Ghanneyeh) – see below.
- 3) Sayyid Hamad bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1801, *educ*. privately. He was *k*. during the Battle of Bahrain against the Attabis, at Arad or Sitra, June 1816 (*bur*. there).
- 1) Sayyida Aisha bint Sultan Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi (*d/o* Ghanneyeh?), *educ*. privately. Assumed the regency on behalf of her younger brother, 31st July 1806. A formidable woman, who conducted the affairs of government and frequently commanded the troops dressed in male clothing. *m*. H.E. Sayyid Saif bin 'Ali bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, Governor of Gwadar 1798-1801, and Bahrain 1801-1802. She *d*. at Muscat, after 1870, having had issue, a son and a daughter:
    - a) Sayyid 'Azzan bin Saif bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1779. Cousin of Sultan Sayyid Said bin Sultan. Fl 1854. He had issue, two sons:
        - i) Sayyid Badran bin 'Azzan bin Saif bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1824.
        - ii) Sayyid 'Ali bin 'Azzan bin Saif bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1832.

- a) A daughter. *m*. H.E. Sayyid Hilal bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (*b*. at Suwaiq, 1803; *k*. by his cousin, Sayyid Qais bin 'Azzan, at Suwaiq, 1861), sometime Governor of Suwaiq, Nizwa and Bahlah, son of H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor-General of Mombasa and the East African. She had issue, three sons - see above.

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1804 - 1806 H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman. *b*. at Sumail, before 11th September 1790, eldest son of H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman, by his first wife, Sayyida Ghanneyeh bint Saif Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Governor of Bahrain 1802-1804. Proclaimed on the death of his father as joint ruler, with his younger brother, Sayyid Sa'id, 18th November 1804. Reigned under the Regency of his uncle, Sayyid Badr bin Saif until the latter's death, 31st July 1806. Deposed as joint-ruler by his sister, Sayyida Aisha, who assumed the regency on behalf of their younger brother, Sa'id, 14th September 1806. *m*. several wives, including a lady from the family of Mulla Hasan bin Muhammad of the Banu Mu'in clan, of Qishm. He *d*. from paralysis, at Muscat, 4th April 1821, having had issue, three sons and one daughter:

- 1) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Salim Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1801, *educ*. privately. Counsellor of State 1824-1869, Regent for his uncle Sa'id during his pilgrimage to Mecca in 1824, again 15th December 1829-8th May1830, Mbr of the Council of Regency 1832, *Wakil* of Zanzibar 1829-1832 and of Muscat 1837-1844, Envoy Extr & Minister Plen to the Court of St James's 1856-1857 and 1868. *m*. (first) Sayyida Raya bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Muscat; *d*. at Kibhunda, Malindi, aged 90 years, before 1902), daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by Fatala, an Ethiopian *suri*. *m*. (second) ... He *d*. at Kjonda, Zanzibar, 26th July 1869 , having had issue, twelve children, including:
    - a) Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, of Kwambani. *b*. 1850 (*s/o* the second wife), *educ*. privately. *m*. (first) Sayyida Sweydu bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id, half-sister of his father's principal wife, and daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar. *m*. (second) ... He had issue, an only daughter by his first wife (*d*. young) and a son by his second:
        - i) Sayyid Thabit bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1883 (*s/o* the second wife), *educ*. privately. *m*. (first) Sayyida Sharifa bint Hamad Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of Sayyid Hamad bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. *m*. (second) Sayyida Sharifa bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id, youngest

daughter of H.H. Sayyid ‘Ali I bin Sa’id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCSI. He had issue, two sons and two daughters:

- (1) Sayyid Gharib bin Thabit Al-Busaidi [Qahtan]. *b*. before 1917, *educ*. privately. He *d*. 1949.
- (2) Sayyid Ahmad bin Thabit Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1919, *educ*. privately. *m*. at Stone Town, Zanzibar, 1947, Sayyida ‘Aliya bint Farid Al-Sa’id (*b*. at Zanzibar, 13th September 1933), daughter of Sayyid Farid bin ‘Ali Al-Sa’id, of Zanzibar. He had issue, two sons and eight daughters:
    - (a) Sayyid Adly bin Ahmad Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1949, *educ*. privately.
    - (b) Sayyid Thabit bin Ahmad Al-Sa’id, *educ*. privately. .
    - (a) Sayyida Aida bint Ahmad Al-Sa’id.
    - (b) Sayyida Shireen bint Ahmad Al-Sa’id. *m*. H.H. Sayyid ‘Umar bin Abbas Al-Sa’id, youngest son of H.H. Sayyid Abbas bin Faisal Al-Sa’id, sometime Presdt Muscat Municipality and Ambassador to India, by his first wife, H.H. Sayyida Nura bint Muhammad Al-Sa’id, daughter of Sayyid Muhammad bin Turki Al-Sa’id. She had issue – see above.
    - (c) Sayyida Sawsam bint Ahmad Al-Sa’id[Susan].
    - (d) Sayyida Sharifa bint Ahmad Al-Sa’id.
    - (e) Sayyida Rawan bint Ahmad bin Thabit Al-Sa’id, *educ*. American Univ (BA), Cairo, Egypt, Loughborough Univ, Loughborough (MSc Econ), Leicestershire, and Stirling Univ (PG dip Investment Analysis), Scotland. Dir of Research at State General Reserve Fund (SGRF) 2005, Deputy Chair Oman ORIX Leasing Co SAOG. CEO, MD & Executive Dir ONIC Holding 2008, and of Takaful Oman Insurance SAOG since 2014, Chair Oman Investment Corp SAOC, and Al Kawther Fund. Dir National Bank of Oman SAOG since 2005, Oman Oil Marketing Co SAOG, National Investment Funds Co SAOC, ONIC Holding, Royal & Sun Alliance Oman SAOC, Oman National Investment

Corp Hldg SAOG since 2008, National Life & General Insurance Co (NLGIC), International General Insurance (IGI), Jordan & National Finance House (NFH) (Bahrain), Public Authority for SME Development. Mbr Investment Cttee of Public Authority for Social Insurance, and the Ministry of Justice Orphans & Incapacitated's Funds.

        - (f) Sayyida Najha bint Ahmad Al-Sa'id.
        - (g) Sayyida Reyya bint Ahmad Al-Sa'id.
        - (h) Sayyida Shafiqa bint Ahmad Al-Sa'id.

    - (1) Sayyida Na'ama bint Thabit Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. before 1917. *m*. as his second wife, Sayyid Hamud bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, son of Sayyid Muhammad bin Saif Al-Busaidi. She had issue – see above.
    - (2) Sayyida Asila bint Thabit Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. 1917. *m*. as his first wife, Sayyid Muhammad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, son of Sayyid Sa'id bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi. She had issue, – see above.

- b) Sayyid Hamad bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. *m*. Sayyida Ghaluje bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*d*. at Zanzibar, before 1888), daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar. He *d*. at Zanzibar, 24th November 1899, having had issue, three sons and two daughters:
    - i) Sayyid Salim bin Hamad Al-Busaidi (*s/o* Ghaluje), *educ*. privately.
    - ii) Sayyid Humaid bin Hamad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He had issue:
        - (1) ? Sayyid Hamad bin Salim bin Humaid Al-Busaidi. Mbr Council of State 1997-2000.
    - iii) Sayyid Muhammad bin Hamad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. *m*. Sayyida Nunuu bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id, second daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Ali I bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCSI.
    - i) Sayyida Athmu bint Hamad Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. as his first wife, Sayyid Hamud bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, son of Sayyid Muhammad bin Saif Al-Busaidi. She had issue – see above.

        - ii) Sayyida Sharifa bint Hamad Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. her first cousin, Sayyid Thabit bin 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidi (*b*. 1883), second son of Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi. She had issue – see above.

    - c) Sayyid Darwish bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He *d*. at Zanzibar, 1893.
    - d) Sayyid Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately.
    - a) Sayyida Thneyu bint Muhammad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately.
    - b) Sayyida Soraya bint Muhammad Al-Busaidiyah, *educ*. privately. .
    - c) Sayyida Shawana bint Muhammad Al-Busaidiyah, *educ*. privately.
    - d) Sayyida Ziana bint Muhammad Al-Busaidiyah [Zuzu], *educ*. privately. *m*. H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Muscat, before 6th August 1826 ; *d*. 1863), sometime Minister of the Interior and Head of the Civil Administration of Muscat and Oman, son of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by an Ethipian *suri*. She had issue, three sons and two daughters – see below.

- 2) H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Salim Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1818, *educ*. privately. Governor of Masnah in 1854. Rebelled against Sultan Salim in 1868. *m*. (first) Sayyida Aisha bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Muscat, Oman, before 1815; *d*. at Mizinjany, Malindi, 14th April 1886), daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by Nur us-Sabah. *m*. (second) ... He had issue, six sons and two daughters:
    - a) Sayyid Saif bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *b*. ca 1843 ,*educ*. privately. He *d*. at Zanzibar, 22nd February 1905.
    - b) Sayyid Talib bin Hamad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately.
    - c) Sayyid Kindeh bin Hamad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Convicted for trading in slaves in Zanzibar, March 1900. He *d*. at Zanzibar, 27th March 1907, having had issue, two sons:
        - i) The Hon Sayyid Salim bin Kindeh Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. MLC Zanzibar 1926. Presdt & Leader Arab Assoc. *m*. (first) ... *m*. (second) Bibi Sa'ida. *m*. (third) Sayyida Maya bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*b*. at St Helena, 4th August 1918), elder daughter of his son-in-law, Sayyid Sa'id bin Khalid bin Barghash Al-Sa'id, of Zanzibar, by his first wife, Bibi Sahira. He had issue, three daughters:

- (1) Sayyida Nazha bint Salim Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. at Zanzibar, 15th December 1916 (*d/o* the first wife), *educ*. privately. *m*. as his second wife, Sayyid Sa'id bin Khalid Al-Sa'id (*d*. before 1954), second son of Sayyid Khalid bin Barghash Al-Sa'id, of Zanzibar – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*). .
- (2) Sayyida Anisa bint Salim Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. at Zanzibar, 9th February 1938 (*d/o* Sa'ida), *educ*. privately. Styled *Her Majesty the Sultana of Zanzibar* from 9th December 1963 to 1968. Patroness Zanzibar Ladies' Club 1963. *m*. (first) at Zanzibar, 1955 (*div*. at Portsmouth, Hants., 1968), as his first wife, H.M. Sultan Sayyid Jamshid bin 'Abdu'llah, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCMG (*b*. at Zanzibar, 16th September 1929), eldest son of H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Harub, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, KBE, CMG, by his wife, H.H. Sayyida Tohfa bint 'Ali, eldest daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Ali II bin Hamud, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies. *m*. (second) at Portsmouth, Hants, 4th April 1972, Michael Perkins (formerly Ginns) (*b*. at Sefton Park, Liverpool, 19th April 1939), late Flight Lieut RAF, son of Harry Ginns, sometime motor salesman, by his wife, Phyllis Phylenian, née Knight. She had issue, two sons and three daughters by her first husband – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).
- (3) Sayyida Moza bint Salim Al-Busaidiyah. *b*. at Zanzibar, 14th April 1941 (*d/o* Sa'ida), *educ*. privately.

- ii) Sayyid Sa'id bin Kindeh Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. He had issue, one son and one daughter:
    - (1) Sayyid Kindeh bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Zanzibar, 8th August 1920. He *d*. before 1954, having had issue, one son:
        - (a) Sayyid Sa'id bin Kindeh Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Zanzibar, 17th March 1942.
    - (1) Sayyida Nunuu bint Sa'id Al-Busaidiyah, *educ*. privately. *m*. Sayyid Qais bin Khalid Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Zanzibar, 1917), son of Sayyid Khalid bin Barghash Al-Sa'id, of Zanzibar. She had issue, three sons – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).

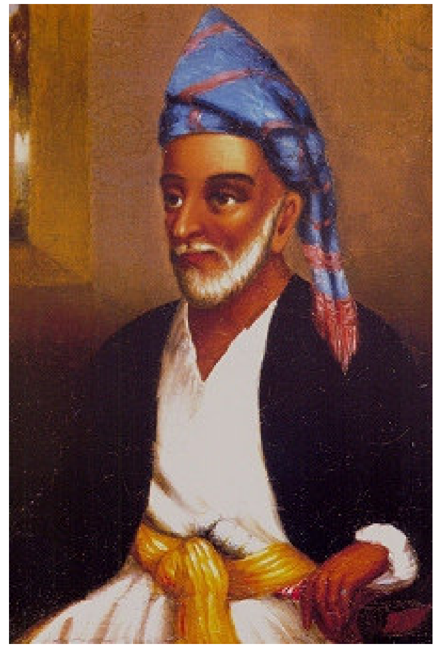
- d) Sayyid Hilal bin Hamad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. .

- e) Sayyid Muhammad bin Hamad Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately.
- f) Sayyid Thanaiyan bin Hamad Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1883, *educ*. privately. Settled in Zanzibar.
- a) Sayyida … bint Hamad Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. at Muscat, 1873, H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCSI (*b*. at Muscat, before 1st June 1832; *d*. there, 5th June 1888), son of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by an Ethiopian *suri*. She had issue – see below.
- b) Sayyida Moza bint Hamad Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. H.H. Sultan Sayyid Barghash bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCMG (*b*. at the Bait al-Sahel, Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, before 7th April 1837; *d*. there, 26th March 1888, *bur*. beside Sultans Khalid and Majid, Makusurani Mausoleum), son of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by Fatala, an Ethiopian *suri*. She *d*. at Zanzibar, 1918, having had issue – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).

- 3) Sayyid Serhan bin Salim Al-Busaidi. He had issue, a son:
    - a) Sayyid 'Ali bin Serhan Al-Busaidi.
- 1) Sayyida Ghaliya bint Salim Al-Busaidiyah. *m*. H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies (*b*. at Muscat, before 9th October 1820; *k*. in his sleep by his eldest son following a dispute over the imposition of new taxes, at Sohar Fort, 14th February 1866, *bur*. there), son of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by Khurshid, an Indian *suri* from Malabar. She had issue – see below.

continued from previous page.

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1804 - 1856 H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar. *b*. at Sumail, 9th July 1792, second son of H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman, by his first wife, Sayyida Ghanneyeh bint Saif Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Proclaimed after the death of his father as joint ruler with his brother Salim, 20th November 1804. Reigned under the Regency of his maternal uncle, Sayyid Badr bin Saif until his death, 31st July 1806. Proclaimed as sole-ruler, under the regency of his sister, Sayyida Aisha, 14th September 1806. Signed the Moresby Treaty with the British 22nd September 1822, in which he made the sale of slaves to Christian powers illegal throughout his dominions. Removed his seat to Zanzibar in December 1832. Established permanent diplomatic relations with the USA in 1836, and the UK in 1840. Recognised as *Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar*, by virtue of the Hamerton Treaty of 2nd October 1845, in which he outlawed the export of slaves from his African empire. *Rcvd*: a Sword of Honour from King George IV (1821), and the Order of the August Portrait (*Nishan-i-Tamtal-i-Humayun*) of Persia (1856). *m*. (first) before 1825, H.H. Sayyida Azza bint Saif Al-Busaidiyah (*d*. at the Bait al-Mtoni, Zanzibar, before 20th July 1860, having had an only daughter who died young), daughter of Sayyid Saif bin Imam Ahmad Al-Busaidi, by his wife, Sayyida Muza bint Ahmad Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Muscat and Rustaq. *m*. (second) at Bundar Abbas, 19th July 1827 (*nikah*) (*div*. for infidelity 1833), H.R.H. Shahzadi Shahzada Khanum, daughter of H.I.H. Shahzada Muhammad Husain 'Ali Mirza, *Tau'aman ul-Mulk*, *Farman Farma*, Governor-General of Fars and Governor of the Persian Gulf Ports, by his first wife, Nawab Hajjiya, daughter of Muhammad Quli Khan-e Afshar Arumi. *m*. (third) July 1827 (*div*.) H.R.H. Shahzadi Shahruzad Khanum (*d.s.p*. in Persia, 1849), she returned permanently to Iran after Sayyid 'Sa'id left for Zanzibar in 1832, daughter of H.I.H. Shahzada Iraj Mirza, *Mahabat ul-Mulk*, of Persia. He also maintained over seventy-five *sarari*, including (a) Najm us-Sabah (*d*. in childbirth, at Muscat, Oman, 1817), an Assyrian lady. *m*. (b) Khurshid, an Indian lady from Malabar. *m*. (c) Madina (*d.s.p*.), a Circassian. *m*. (d) Sara (*d*. from smallpox, at the Bait al-Sahel, Stone Town, Unguja, before 1st August 1859), a Circassian. *m*. (e) Salma [Mama Buana Hamdan], a cousin of Sara, a Circassian. *m*. (f) Jilfidan (*d*. from cholera, at the Bait al-Tani, Zanzibar, 1859), daughter of a Circassian farmer and captured in a raid by Albanians. *m*. (g) Fatala, an Ethiopian. *m*. (h) Taj, a Georgian. *m*. (i) Aisha (*m*. second, ca 1866, Shaikh

Sulaiman bin ‘Ali Al-Darmaki, sometime Chief Minister to Sultan Majid of Zanzibar), a Georgian. *m*. (j) Nur us-Sabah. *m*. (k) Fatma (*m*. second, Shaikh Sulaiman bin ‘Ali Mandhry), a Circassian. He *d*. on board the *Kitorie*, off the Seychelles, 19th October 1856 (*bur*. Makusurani, Zanzibar), having had issue, twenty-two sons and twenty-two daughters (of whom thirty-six children survived him):

- 1) H.H. Prince Sayyid Hilal bin Sa’id. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, before 11th November 1817 (*s/o* Najm us-Sabah), *educ*. privately. Mbr of the Council of Regency 1832, Governor of Muscat 1832-1837, and of Burka 1837-1840, *Naib* in Zanzibar 1840-1844. Disinherited by his father 23rd July 1844. Exiled from all his father’s dominions 1844-1846 during which time he visited England and was a guest of Queen Victoria in September 1845. Exiled from Zanzibar altogether, but allowed to live at Lamu from November 1849. Gained control over the whole Lamu Archipelago, including Pate and Manda, following the assassination of his father’s governor. He *d.v.p*. from consumption during his pilgrimage to Mecca, at Aden, 28th June 1851, having had issue, three sons:
    - a) H.E. Sayyid Saud bin Hilal Al-Busaidi [Said/Saud/Suud], *educ*. privately. Vice-Adm of the abortive expedition sent by Sultan Thuwaini of Oman to wrest Zanzibar from his half-brother, Sultan Majid in 1856. Governor of Lamu 1859-1862. He *d*. at Zanzibar, before 28th November 1862.
    - b) Sayyid Faisal bin Hilal Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1830 (*s/o* a Georgian *suri*), *educ*. privately. He *d*. at Zanzibar, after 1907.
    - c) Sayyid Muhammad bin Hilal Al-Busaidi, *educ*. privately. Adopted by his aunt, Sayyida Azza bint Saif Al-Busaidi. He *d*. at Zanzibar, after 1907.
- 2) H.H. Prince Sayyid Khalid bin Sa’id. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, before 21st October 1819 (*s/o* Khurshid), *educ*. privately. Governor of Zanzibar 1828-1854. Appointed Heir Apparent to Zanzibar, 23rd July 1844. He constructed the Hadith Masjid in Stone Town. *m*. (a) Khurshid (*d*. from tuberculosis, at Zanzibar, 1854), a Georgian. *m*. (b) an Ethiopian *suri*. He *d.v.p*. from preumonia at Mtoni Palace, Unguja, Zanzibar, 7th November 1854, having had issue, two daughters:
    - a) Sayyid Shambua bint Khalid Al-Busaidi (*d/o* Khurshid). .
    - b) Sayyida Farshuu bint Khalid Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Mtoni Palace, Unguja, Zanzibar, ca. 1844 (*d/o* the Ethiopian lady). She *d*. *unm*. from consumption, at Zanzibar, 1867.
- 3) H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa’id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies (*s/o* a Georgian *suri*) – see below.
- 4) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Sa’id. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, before 6th August 1826 (*s/o* an Ethiopian *suri*), *educ*. privately. Minister of the Interior and Head of the Civil Administration of Muscat and Oman 1837-1854, Governor of Sumail

1854-1856. A simple man, who dressed in simple clothes, a devout religious scholar throughout his life. *m*. Sayyida Ziana bint Muhammad Al-Busaidi [Zuzu], youngest daughter of H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Salim bin Sultan Al-Busaidi, sometime Regent and Governor of Muscat and Sohar. He *d*. 1863, having had issue, three sons and two daughters:

  - a) H.H. Sultan Sayyid Hamud bin Muhammad, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies – see below.
  - b) Sayyid Hilal bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. He *d*. 1886, having had issue, a son:
    - i) Sayyid Muhammad bin Hilal Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. He *d*. before 1954.
  - c) H.E. Sayyid Khalid bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. Sometime Minister of State under Sultan 'Ali II, for whom he acted as Regent during his long and frequent visits abroad 1905-1911. Refused the throne of Zanzibar in December 1911, due to ill health and advancing years.
  - a) Sayyida 'Aliya bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id.
  - b) Sayyida Fatima bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id. She *d*. at Zanzibar, 29th September 1934.

- 5) H.H. Sultan Sayyid Turki bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies (*s/o* an Ethiopian *suri*) – see below.
- 6) H.H. Prince Sayyid Majid bin Sa'id, who succeeded as H.H. Sultan Sayyid Majid bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies (*s/o* Sara) – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).
- 7) A son. *b*. 1835. He *d*. at Zanzibar, August 1837.
- 8) Sayyid 'Ali bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*s/o* an Ethiopian lady, brother of Shawana). He *d.v.p*. at Zanzibar, before 24th September 1854 (*bur*. Makusurani).
- 9) H.H. Sultan Sayyid Barghash bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies (*s/o* Fatala) – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).
- 10) Sayyid 'Abdu'l-Wahhab bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, before 23rd February 1841 (*s/o* Aisha, a Georgian *suri*), *educ*. privately. A great favourite of Sultan Majid of Zanzibar. Cdr of his troops sent to repel Sayyid Barghash at the Battle of Mechu 1859. He *d.s.p*. at Siblini, Zanzibar, 3rd August 1866.

- 11) Sayyid Jamshid bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Zanzibar, before 2nd February 1843 (*s/o* Aisha, a Georgian *suri*), *educ*. privately. He *d*. from smallpox, at Zanzibar, 15th October 1858 (*bur*. Makusurani)..

- 12) Sayyid Hamdan bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Bait al-Mtoni, Zanzibar, before 22nd January 1844 (*s/o* Salma, a Circassian *suri*), *educ*. privately. A cripple from birth. He *d*. from smallpox, before 8th November 1858 (*bur*. Makusurani).

- 13) Sayyid Ghalib bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, before 31st December 1845, as Sayyid Suwaid (*s/o* an Ethiopian *suri*), *educ*. privately. Renamed Ghalib in his late teens (and thus, shown incorrectly as two individuals by Ingram). He *d*. 5th January 1870 (*bur*. Makusurani).

- 14) Sayyid 'Abdu'l-Aziz bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, before 6th Nocember 1850 (*s/o* Aisha, a Georgian *suri*), *educ*. privately. Adopted by his elder sister, Sayyida Khula, his mother having expired a few days after his birth. He joined in the rebellion of Sayyid Barghash against their brother Majid in 1859, exiled to Bombay 1859-1861, pardoned and allowed to return but rebelleled again and deported to Bombay 1865-1867. Permitted to reside at Muscat in 1867, but expelled shortly afterward for similar activities. Seized Gwadur in 1871 but abandoned that place in 1872 and went to Bombay. Returned in 1873 and attempted to recover Gwadur in 1873, but arrested and deported to India. Permitted to return to Oman in 1874 and appointed as Regent for his brother Turki in 1875. He went into rebellion in 1875, and attacked Muscat in 1878, 1883 and 1889. Defeated and exiled to Mekran, in Baluchistan, 1889-1890. He *d*. at Poona, India, 12th April 1907, having had issue, two daughters:

    - a) Sayyida Maya bint 'Abdu'l-Aziz Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat. Settled in Bombay, but later returned to Zanzibar after 1907.

    - b) Sayyida Thuraya bint 'Abdu'l-Aziz Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat. Settled in Bombay, but later returned to Zanzibar after 1907. She *d*. at Zanzibar, October 1933.

- 15) H.H. Sultan Sayyid Khalifa I bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies (*s/o* an Ethiopian *suri*) – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).

    - 14) Sayyid 'Ali bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*s/o* an Ethiopian lady, brother of Shawana). He *d.v.p*. at Zanzibar, before 24th September 1854 (*bur*. Makusurani).

- 16) Sayyid Menin bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id [Ali Mdogo], who succeeded as H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Ali I bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies (*s/o* Nur us-Sabah II) – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).

- 17) Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. He *d.v.p*. at Zanzibar, before 1856. .

- 18) Sayyid Hamad bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id [Ahmad] (full-brother of Sultan Barghash), *educ*. privately. He *d*. at Zanzibar, before 1888.
- 19) Sayyid Talib bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id (full-brother of Sultan Barghash), *educ*. privately. He *d*. at Zanzibar, before 1888.
- 20) Sayyid 'Abbas bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id [Shyn], *educ*. privately. He *d*. at Zanzibar, before 1880.
- 21) Sayyid Nasir bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, before 13th September 1855 (*s/o* an Ethiopian *suri*), *educ*. privately. Adopted by his elder sister, Sayyida Khadija bint Sa'id. He *d*. at Bombay, while on the pilgrimage to Mecca, 1887 (*bur*. there).
- 22) Sayyid 'Abdu'l-Rab bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Bait al-Mtoni, Zanzibar, 1855 (*s/o* an Ethiopian *suri*, brother of Mutla), *educ*. privately. He *d*. at Mizinjany, Malindi, 1888.
- 23) Sayyid Badran bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1856. *m*. Sayyida Fatufa [Fracho] (*d*. at Zanzibar, 16th March 1924). He *d*. at Mkadini, Zanzibar, 22nd March 1886 (*bur*. Makusurani), having had issue, a son and a daughter:
    - a) Sayyid Majid bin Badran Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. He *d*. at Zanzibar, before 21st April 1901 (*bur*. Makusurani).
    - a) Sayyida Farshuu bint Badran Al-Busaidi. She *d*. at Zanzibar, 16th April 1924 (*bur*. Makusurani).
- 1) Sayyida Zuwayna bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat (*d/o* Fatala), *educ*. privately. *m*. at the age of twelve years, at Zanzibar, H.E. Sayyid Sa'ud bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi (*k*. by Sultan bin Ahmad, at Rustaq, before 21st May 1833), sometime Governor of Birka and of Rustaq, son of H.E. Sayyid 'Ali bin Saif bin Al-Imam Ahmad Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Kilwa. She *d*. at the Bait al-Mtoni, Zanzibar, aged over 80 years, before 1883, having had issue, a son – see above.
- 2) Sayyida Raya bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat (*d/o* Fatala), *educ*. privately. *m*. H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Salim Al-Busaidi (*b*. at Muscat, before 3rd December 1815; *d*. at Kjonda, Zanzibar, 26th July 1869), sometime *Wakil* of Muscat and *Wali* of Muscat and Sohar, eldest son of her paternal uncle, H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman. She *d*. at Kinhunda, Zanzibar, aged 90 years, before 1902, having had twelve children (most of whom died young) – see above. .
- 3) Sayyida Sharifa bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*d/o* a Circassian *suri*), *educ*. privately. Avery intelligent lady, who was her father's constant counsellor and companion, even on his trips abroad. *m*. a cousin, as his only wife. She *d.v.p*. at Muscat, Oman, before 1856, having had issue, an only son:

- a) Shnum.

- 4) Sayyida Shaikha bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. She *d*. at Stone Town, Zanzibar, before 1902.
- 5) Sayyida Aisha bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, before 1815 (*d/o* Nur us-Sabah), *educ*. privately. The great diplomat and conciliator of the family, who was frequently called upon to patch-up or settle disputes between her brothers. *m*. H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Salim Al-Busaidi (*b*. 1818), sometime Governor of Masnah, second son of H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Sultan, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman. She *d*. at at Mizinjany, Malindi, 14th April 1886 – see above.
- 6) Sayyida Khula Najm al-Subh bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, before 1816 (*d/o* Nur us-Sabah), *educ*. privately. Welcomed the French RC missionaries to Zanzibar in 1860 and served as their benefactress thereafter. A stunning beauty, who eschewed all offers of marriage to raise her orphan brother. She *d*.*unm*. at Zanzibar, before 28th January 1876 (*bur*. Makusurani).
- 7) Sayyida Azza bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id (same as Aisha?), *educ*. privately. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, 1823.
- 8) Sayyida Khadija bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Bait al-Sahel, Stone Town, Unguja, ca. 1832 (*d/o* Sara), *educ*. privately. She *d*. *unm*. on the pilgrimage to Mecca, at Medina, Arabia, 1887 (*bur*. there).
- 9) Sayyida Miya [Meje] bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*d/o* Fatala), *educ*. privately. She supported her brother Barghash against Majid. She *d*. *unm*. at Kibhunda, Malindi, before 26th March 1906. .
- 10) Sayyida Zayana bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1832 (*d/o* an Ethiopian *suri*) (full sister of Zamzam), *educ*. privately. *m*. at the age of twelve years, 1844, her cousin, … She *d*.*v*.*p*. at Zanzibar, before 1856.
- 11) Sayyida Zabina bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id.
- 12) Sayyida Shawana bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1834 (*d/o* an Ethiopian *suri*, sister of 'Ali), *educ*. privately.
- 13) Sayyida Zamzan bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, before 16th July 1836 (*d/o* an Ethiopian *suri*) (full sister of Zayana), *educ*. privately. *m*. at Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 14th March 1865 (on the same day as her sister Mutla), Sayyid Hamud bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi, brother of Sayyid Muhammad bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi and son of a cousin of her father, H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Saif bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Zanzibar. She *d*.*s*.*p*. at Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 13th June 1900 (*bur*. Makusurani) – see above.
- 14) Sayyida Mahfuza bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id [Mutla]. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1840 (*d/o* an Ethiopian *suri*, sister of 'Abdu'l-Rab), *educ*. privately. *m*. at Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 14th March 1865 (on the same day as her sister Zamzan) (*div*.),

Sayyid Muhammad bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi, brother of Sayyid Hamud bin Ahmad Al-Busaidi and son of a cousin of her father, H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Saif bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Zanzibar. She *d*. at Zanzibar, before 5th July 1894 (*bur*. Makusurani), having had issue, two sons – see above.

- 15) Sayyida Nunuu bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Mtoni, Zanzibar (*d/o* Taj). Born blind, *educ*. privately. She *d*. *unm*.

- 16) Sayyida Salama [Salmé] bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id [Frau. Emily Ruete]. *b*. at the Bait al-Mtoni, Zanzibar, 30th August 1844 (*d/o* Jilfidan), *educ*. privately. She fled to Aden onboard a British warship, received there into the Anglican comunion and baptised with the Christian name of Emily 1st April 1867. Settled in Hamburg with her husband in 1867, and lived at Jaffa and Beirut 1889-1914. She wrote several books about her life, including *Memoirs of an Arabian Princess* (1888). *m*. at Christ Church, Aden, 30th May 1867, Rudolph Heinrich Reute (*b*. at Hamburg, Germany, 10th March 1839; *k*. there in a tram accident, 6th August 1870, *bur*. Ohlsdorf Cemetery), Agent for Hansing & Co at Aden 1855, and head of the firm Koll & Reute, and Reute & Co in Zanzibar, eldest son of Dr. Phil. Hermann Adolph Reute, by his first wife, Francisca Rosalie, neé Fölsch. She *d*. from double pneumonia, at No. 4, Gartenstrasse, Jena, Germany, 29th February 1924 (*bur*. Ohlsdorf Cemetery), having had issue, two sons and two daughters:

    - a) Heinrich Ruete. *b*. at Aden, 7th December 1866. He *d*. there between 1st April and 30th May 1867. .

    - b) *Sayyid* Rudolph Said-Ruete. *b*. at Hamburg, Germany, 13th April 1869, *educ*. Wilhelmus Gymnasium, Prussian Cadet Sch, Bensberg, near Cologne, Mil Cadet Sch, Gross-Lichterfelde, Berlin, and Fu'ad I Univ, Cairo, Egypt. Cmsnd as Ensign Royal Prussian Army 1887, prom 2nd-Lieut Thuringuia Field Artillery Regt 1888, transf 15th Field Artillery Regt, prom Lieut 1898, resigned 1898, Insp-Gen of Commercial Railways in the Middle East 1899-1900, employed with Egyptian National Bank 1904, Dir Deutschen Orientbank at Cairo 1906-1910, resided in London 1910-1914 & 1919-1938, Switzerland 1914-1919, renounced his German nationality and was naturalised a British subject 26th November 1934. Aournalist and author of "Political Correspondence and Peaceable War Essays 1914-1918" (1919), "Said bin Sultan" (1929). Granted the personal title of *Sayyid* by Sultan Khalifa II of Zanzibar 1932. *Rcvd*: the Orders of Al-Saidi of Oman 1st class (10.10.1928), Brilliant star of Zanzibar 2nd class (2.7.1929), Lion and Sun of Persia 3rd class (1913), the Osmans (*Nishan-i-Osmanieh*) 3rd class (1903), and Nobility (*Nishan-i-Mejidieh*) 4th class (1895) of Turkey, and the Red Eagle of Prussia 4th class (1912). *m*. at Berlin, Germany,

16th September 1901, Maria Theresa (*b*. at Cologne, Germany, 3rd April 1872), daughter of Mathissen Mathias, merchant, of Cologne, by his wife, Mathilde, daughter of Meyer Baer Mond, of Ziegenhain, Cassel, paternal grandfather of The Rt Hon Alfred Moritz (Mond), 1st Baron Melchett, PL, DL, FRS, the first Chair of ICI, sometime First Cmsnr of Works and Minister for Health. He *d*. at Luzern, Switzerland, 1st May 1946, having had issue, one son and one daughter:

- i) Werner Heinrich Mathiessen Said-Ruete. *b*. at Berlin, 22nd May 1902, *educ*. Lyceum Alpinum, Zug, Switzerland. Emigrated to the USA in the 1950s. *m*. Roslyn C. Warner, of Palm Beach, Florida, USA, widow of Ellsworth C. Warner, of Minneapolis, Minnesota, USA. He had issue, a son:
    - (1) Commander Edward Said Ruete. Cdr US Coast Guard (retd), Coast Guard Research and Development Center Groton, CT 1996, Professor of Computer Information Systems Cape Cod Community Coll 2004. .
- i) Salme Mathilde Benvenuta Olga Said-Ruete. *b*. at Kensington, London, 8th May 1910. *m*. 1935, … Humphreys, a British subject.

- a) Antonie Thawka Ruete [Antonie, Frau Brandeis]. *b*. at Hamburg, Germany 24th March 1868. *m*. at Berlin, Germany, 1898 (*sep*. 1923), Eugen Brandeis (*b*. at Freiburg i. Breisgau, 23rd September 1846; *d*. at Berlin, 1919), *educ*. Technical Univ of Karlsruhe, and Albert Ludwigs Univ, Freiburg, *Advantageur* 5th Baden Infantry Regt 1866, prom 2nd-Lieut Baden Field Artillery 1868, served Franco-Prussian War 1870-1871, transf Silesian Foot Artillery Regt 1873, prom First Lieut 1875, *à la suite* 1876, retd. 1877, trader in Haiti 1877-1881, Adstr. German Consulate there 1879-1881, railway engineer in Cuba 1880-1884, and the Panama Canal 1884-1885, Adviser to King Tupua Tamasese Titimaea of Samoa 1886-1889, Sec. Jaluit 1890-1892 (actng. Sec. 1889-1890), Imperial Cmsnr. 1892-1893, Judge at Herbertshöhe 1893-1894, served in the Colonial Office in Berlin 1895-1898, Administrator of the Marshall Islands 1900-1906 (actg 1898-1900), retd 1906, *rcvd*: Knt 1st class with oak cluster of the Order of the Zahringen Lion of Baden (1908, Knt 2nd class 1870, Cross of Merit 1870), and the Order of the Iron Cross 2nd class (1871) of Prussia. She had issue, two daughters.
    - i) Gretchen Brandeis. *b*. at Apia, Samoa.
    - i) Another daughter. *m*. Dr von Brandt, of Erlangen Univ.
- b) Rosalie Ghuza Ruete [Frau Rosalie Troemer]. *b*. at Hamburg, Germany 16th April 1870. *m*. at Berlin, January 1902, Major-General

Martin Troemer, Royal Prussian Army, cdr of a brigade on the Eastern Front 1914. She had issue, two daughters.

- 17) Sayyida Sweydu bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. *m*. Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (*b*. 1850), of Kwambani, son of Sayyid Muhammad bin Salim Al-Busaidi, sometime Regent or Muscat and Oman. She *d*. at Mizinjany, Malindi, having had issue, an only daughter, who died young – see above.
- 18) Sayyida Ghaluje bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. *m*. as his first wife, Sayyid Hamad bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (*d*. at Zanzibar, 24th November 1899, *bur*. Makusurani), younger son of Sayyid Muhammad bin Salim Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Muscat and Sohar. She *d*. at Mizinjany, Malindi, before 1888, having had issue, one son – see above.
- 19) Sayyida ... bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id. She *d*. at Zanzibar, March 1907.
- 20) Sayyida Koddin bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately.
- 21) Sayyida Myra bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. She *d*. at Zanzibar, before 1888.
- 22) Sayyida Farshuu bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately.

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1856 - 1866 H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies. *b*. at Muscat, before 9th October 1820, third surviving son of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by Khurshid, an Indian *suri* from Malabar, *educ*. privately. Governor of Muscat and C-in-C of the forces 1837-1856. Appointed as Heir Apparent to Muscat and Oman, 23rd July 1844, thereafter styled *Prince Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id* with the style of *His Highness*. Succeeded on the death of his father, 19th October 1856. Confirmed as successor to Muscat and Oman by the terms of the Canning Award, 2nd April 1861, and thereafter styled *Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies*. A distinguished and successful soldier, idealised by those whom he lead into battle. *m*. at Muscat, before 30th April 1835, Sayyida Ghaliya bint Salim Al-Busaidi, daughter of his paternal uncle, H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman. He was *k*. in his sleep by his eldest son following a dispute over the imposition of new taxes, at Sohar Fort, 14th February 1866 (*bur*. there), having had issue, seven sons and five daughters:



- 1) H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Thuwaini, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies (*s/o* Sayyida Ghaliya) – see below.
- 2) Sayyid Muhammad bin Thuwaini. Expelled from Muscat and settled at Qishm in 1876. He *d*. at Linga, 4th February 1877.
- 3) Sayyid Nasir bin Thuwaini. *b*. 1848, *educ*. privately. Governor of Gwadur 1869-1871. He *d*. at Muscat, 19xx.
- 4) Sayyid Harub bin Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, Oman, ca. 1849 (*s/o* Sayyida Ghaliya), educ. privately. *m*. 1878, Sayyida Turkiya bint Turki Al-Sa'id (*bur*. Al-Sa'id Cemetery, Makusurani), former wife of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Hamad bin Thuwaini, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCSI, and eldest daughter of H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman, GCSI. He *d*. in Oman, before 1893, having had issue, an only son:

- a) Sayyid Khalifa bin Harub Al-Sa'id, who became H.H. Sultan Sayyid Khalifa II bin Harub, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies (*s/o* Sayyida Turkia) – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).

- 5) Sayyid 'Abdu'l-Aziz bin Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1850. Expelled from Muscat and settled at Qishm in 1876. He *d*. before 1907.
- 6) Sayyid Hamdan bin Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. .
- 7) H.H. Sultan Sayyid Hamad bin Thuwaini, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies (*s/o* Ghaliya) – see see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).
- 1) H.H. Sayyida Aliya bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 18xx. *m*. at Muscat, 6th August 1881, as his first wife, H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE (*b*. at Bombay, India, 4th June 1864; *d*. at Muscat, 4th October 1913), second son of H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCSI. She *d*. at Muscat, 20th June 1946, having had issue – see below.
- 2) Sayyida Thuraya bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id.
- 3) Sayyida Asila bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id.
- 4) Sayyida Zewwan bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id.
- 5) Sayyida Jokha bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. She *d*. at Muscat, 11th August 1912.
- One of these daughters. *m*. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Muhammad Al-Busaidi (*b*. 1838; *k*. by a slave in the streets of Muscat, 13th August 1873), *Wazir* to Sultan Turki 1871-1873, second son of Admiral H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Suliman Al-Busaidi, sometime Warden of Muscat – see above.

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1866 - 1868 H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Thuwaini, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies. *b*. at Muscat, 1839, eldest son of H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, by his wife, Sayyida Ghaliya bint Salim Al-Busaidiyah, *educ*. privately. Proclaimed on the death of his father, 14th February 1866. Deposed and exiled to India by his cousin and brother-in-law, Sayyid Azzan, October 1868. Made a bid for the throne in 1875 but was captured and expelled to India where he was kept a prisoner at Hyderabad. *m*. a daughter of H.E. Sayyid Qais bin 'Azzan Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Sohar and of Rustaq, a great-great-granddaughter of Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id. He *d*. from small-pox, at the Fort, Hyderabad, Sind, India, 7th December 1876, having had issue, two sons:

- 1) Sayyid 'Ali bin Salim Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1861. Deported from Zanzibar to Muscat because of his intrigues there, 1898. *m*. (first) at Zanzibar, before 1890, Sayyida

Aliya bint Barghash Al-Sa'id, daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Barghash bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCMG, by his wife, Sayyida Moza bint Hamad, daughter of Sayyid Hamad bin Salim Al-Sa'id. *m*. (second) … He *d*. at Muscat, 1st September 1928, having had issue, four sons and four daughters:.

- a) Sayyid Muhammad bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, ca. 1894 (*s/o* Aliya), *educ*. privately. *m*. Sayyida Zena bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id, daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Ali II bin Hamud, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies. He *d*. at Zanzibar, 1923, having had issue, one son and two daughters:
  - i) Sayyid Hamud bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1910. He *d*. of consumption at Muscat, 28th June 1929.
  - i) Sayyida Raya bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1917. *m*. there, 1935, as his first wife, H.H. Sayyid Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Muscat, 27th November 1916; *d*. at Muscat, April 1971), only son of Sayyid Hamud bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. She *d*. at Zanzibar, 1946, having had issue, three sons and one daughter – see below.
  - ii) Sayyida Mera bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 1922. *m*. there, 1943, Sayyid Majid bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Zanzibar, 1920), fifth son of Sayyid Sa'id bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id, of Zanzibar, by his wife, Sayyida Mishan bint Hamud Al-Sa'id, twin daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Hamud bin Muhammad, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCSI. She had issue – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).
- b) Sayyid Saud bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id.
- c) Sayyid Sa'id bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. .
- d) H.E. Sayyid Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1923, *educ*. privately. *m*. (first) ... *m*. (second) H.E. Sayyida Aniya bint Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*b*. 1940), eldest daughter of H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. He *d*. in Germany, 21st March 2007, having had issue, five sons and three daughters:
  - i) H.E. Sayyid Qais bin Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1955, *educ*. in India. Joined Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Counsellor London 1995, Ambassador to Turkey since 2009 (conc. to Azerbaijan and Turkmenistan since 2010), Head of the EU Dept at the MOFA. He has issue, three sons and two daughters:
    - (1) H.E. Sayyid Azzan bint Qais Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1985.

- (2) H.E. Sayyid Talal bin Qais Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1986.
- (3) H.E. Sayyid Muhannad bin Qais Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1989.
- (1) H.E. Sayyida Raya bint Qais Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1984, *educ*. in Sohar.
- (2) H.E. Sayyida Umayma bint Qais Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1991.

- ii) H.E. Sayyid Jaifar bin Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1958, *educ*. in Cairo, Egypt (BA). Ambassador to Bahrain, to Belgium and Luxembourg 1996-1997, and to France 1996-2007 (conc to Spain 2001-2007), Head of Western Europe Dept at the MOFA since 2007. He had issue, three sons and two daughters:
  - (1) H.E. Sayyid Juland bin Jaifar Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1980, *educ*. in the US and UK (BSc). Financial analyst at the State General Reserve Fund. He has issue, two sons and one daughter:
    - (a) H.E. Sayyid Jayfar bin Juland Al-Sa'id. *b*. 2010.
    - (b) H.E. Sayyid Taym bin Juland Al-Sa'id. *b*. 2013.
    - (a) H.E. Sayyida Taliya bint Juland Al-Sa'id. *b*. 2009.
  - (2) H.E. Sayyid Al-Muhana bin Jaifar Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1987, *educ*. in Muscat. He has issue two daughters:
    - (a) H.E. Sayyida Dana bint Al-Muhanna Al-Sa'id. *b*. 2012.
    - (b) H.E. Sayyida Asma bint Al-Muhanna Al-Sa'id. *b*. 2015.
  - (3) H.E. Sayyid Mazin bin Jaifar Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1990.
  - (1) H.E. Sayyida Wisam bint Jaifar Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1983, *educ*. in France.
  - (2) H.E. Sayyida Ghada bint Jaifar Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1986, *educ*. in France.
- iii) Colonel H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1960. Joined SOO Land Forces, retd as Col, Sec-Gen of the Ministry of Defence Tender Cttee, transf to the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ambassador, Chief of Protocol since 2010. He has issue, four sons and one daughter:
  - (1) H.E. Sayyid Khalid bin Muhmmad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1992.
  - (2) H.E. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Muhmmad Al-Sa'id. .

- (3) H.E. Sayyid Faisal bin Muhmmad Al-Sa'id.
- (4) H.E. Sayyid Fahad bin Muhmmad Al-Sa'id.
- (1) H.E. Sayyida Fatma bint Muhmmad Al-Sa'id.

- iv) H.E. Sayyid Numeir bin Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1962. Dir of Publication & Printing Dept of the Ministry of Information. Presdt Omani Scholars & Writers Assoc (OSWA) since 2000. He had issue, five sons:
  - (1) H.E. Sayyid Faris bin Numeir Al-Sa'id.
  - (2) H.E. Sayyid Majid bin Numeir Al-Sa'id.
  - (3) H.E. Sayyid Harub bin Numeir Al-Sa'id.
  - (4) H.E. Sayyid Hussam bin Numeir Al-Sa'id.
  - (5) H.E. Sayyid Salim bin Numeir Al-Sa'id.
- v) H.E. Sayyid Nasir bin Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1967. Employed in the Amiri Diwan. He had issue, four sons and one daughter:
  - (1) H.E. Sayyid Nadir bin Nasir Al-Sa'id.
- i) H.H. Sayyida Ghaliya bint Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id (*d/o* the first wife). *m*. (*div*.) H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Saif Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Zanzibar,11th February 1949), fourth son of H.H. Sayyid Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id, by his second wife, H.H. Sayyida Sharifa bint 'Abdu'llah Al-Sa'id, youngest daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Khalifa, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, KBE, CMG – see below.
- ii) H.E. Sayyida Sharifa bint Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1970 (twin with her sister Fatima).
- iii) H.E. Sayyida Fatima bint Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1970 (twin with her sister Sharifa). .

- a) H.H. Sayyida Fatima bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 4th May 1891. *m*. 1904, as his first wife, H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Taimur bin Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, KCIE, CSI (*b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 1886; *d*. at Bombay, India, early, 1965, *bur*. at the Royal Cemetery, Muscat), second son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE, by his first wife, H.H. Sayyida Aliya bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id, eldest daughter of H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and

dependencies. She *d*. at Muscat, April 1967 (*bur*. there at the Royal Cemetery), having had issue, an only son – see below.

- b) Sayyida Khula bint ‘Ali Al-Sa’id. *m*. at Muscat, 20th November 1910 (*nikah*) and 30th December 1910 (*zifaf*), H.H. Sayyid Nadir bin Faisal bin Turki Al-Sa’id (*b*. at Muscat, 1887; *d*. at Muscat, 1971), sometime Presdt of the Council of Ministers, third son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa’idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE, by a former African slave. She had issue – see below.

- c) Sayyida Mahfuza bint ‘Ali Al-Sa’id. *m*. at Muscat, 20th November 1910 (*nikah*) and 30th December 1910 (*zifaf*), H.H. Sayyid Muhammad bin Faisal bin Turki Al-Sa’id (*b*. at the Beit al-‘Alam, Muscat, 21st November 1889; *d.v.p*. in Dhofar, January 1924), fourth son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa’idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE, by a former African slave. She had issue – see below.

- d) Sayyida Walyam bint ‘Ali Al-Sa’id. *m*. H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin Faisal Al-Sa’id (*b*. at Muscat, 1895; *d*. at Zanzibar, 8th March 1949), sometime Governor of Birka and of Gwadur, sixth son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa’idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE, by a lady from the Al-Wahabiya. She *d*. 1971, having had issue, two sons and one daughter – see below.

- 2) Sayyid Harib bin Salim Al-Sa’id Al-Sa’id.

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1868 - 1871 H.H. Sayyid ‘Azzan bin Qais bin ‘Azzan Al-Busaidi, Imam of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, son of H.E. Sayyid Qais bin ‘Azzan bin Qais bin Imam Ahmad Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Sohar and of Rustaq, *educ*. privately. Governor of Rustaq in succession to his father 1861. Rebelled against Thuwaini with the help and encouragement of the Wahhabis in 1864. Expelled his cousin and brother-in-law and seized power in October 1868. He joined forces with Shaikh Sa’id bin Khalifa of Abu Dhabi, successfully vanquished the Wahabis and recovered Al-Burraimi, 18th June 1869. Proclaimed the title of *Imam*, 10th August 1869. Although accepted by a significant portion of the Hinawai tribe, his subsequent attempts to subdue the interior tribes alienated the Ghafiri clan, who instigated a general revolt against him in 1870. At the same time, the legitimate leader, Sayyid Turki, secured the political and financial support of his relatives in Zanzibar, as well as the British, raised an army of Baluchis and loyalist tribesmen, took up the leadership of the revolt and led it to eventual success in January 1871. *m*. a daughter of Shaikh Sa’id bin Khalfan Al-Khalili. He was *k*. in battle with

Sayyid Turki, on the ramparts of Matrah, 30th January 1871, having had issue, three sons:

- 1) Sayyid Hamud bin ‘Azzan Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1862 *educ*. privately. He killed his younger brother and took possession of Rustaq in March 1899. Yielded Rustaq to Sa’id bin Ibrahim and retired to Wadi Ma’awal in 1903. .
- 2) Sayyid Qais bin ‘Azzan Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1864 *educ*. privately. He *d*. 1926.
- 3) Sayyid Sa’ud bin ‘Azzan Al-Busaidi. *b*. 1867 *educ*. privately. Attacked but failed to take Sohar in 1895. Succeeded his uncle Ibrahim in the possession of Rustaq, after expelling his cousin Sa’id bin Ibrahim, May 1898. He was *k*. by his brother Hamud, at Al-Batinah Fort, Rustaq, 13th March 1899 (*bur*. there).

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1871 - 1888 H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Sa’id bin Sultan, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCSI (1.1.1886). *b*. at Muscat, before 1st June 1832, fifth surviving son of H.H. Sayyid Sa’id bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa’id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-‘Omani Al-Azdi, Sultan of Muscat, Oman and Zanzibar, by an Ethiopian *suri*, *educ*. privately. Governor of Sohar 1854-1868 and of Gwadur 1868-1871. Assumed the leadership of the revolt against Sayyid ‘Azzan bin Qais Al-Said, secured the backing of the Hinawai, the interior tribal leader and the British in 1870, then successfully took battle against his foe, defeating and killing him at Muttrah. Proclaimed on the death of the usurper, 30th January 1871. Briefly expelled from the capital by his half-brother, Sayyid ‘Abdu’l Aziz Al-Said, but returned and resumed control very shortly afterwards. He concluded a treaty with the British on 14th April 1873, in which he engaged to close all public slave markets, protect liberated slaves and declaring that thereafter all persons entering his dominions should be free. *m*. a daughter of H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Salim Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Masnah. He *d*. at Muscat, 5th June 1888 (*bur*. there), having had issue, three sons and three daughters:

- 1) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Turki Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Muscat, 1860 (*s/o* a *suri*), *educ*. privately. Governor of Sohar 1878-1884. Passed over for the succession due to physical incapacity. He *d*. at Muscat, before 16th June 1919, having had issue, eleven sons and fifteen daughters, including:

- a) Sayyid ‘Abdu’llah bin Muhammad Al-Sa’id. *b*. 8th August 1884 and *d*. 24th August 1884.
- b) Sayyid ... bin Muhammad Al-Sa’id, *educ*. privately. He *d*. 7th July 1908.
- c) Sayyid ... bin Muhammad Al-Sa’id, *educ*. privately. He *d*. 3rd January 1907.
- d) Sayyid Abbas bin Muhammad Al-Sa’id. *b*. 1897, *educ*. privately. *m*. at Muscat, 21st September 1940, Sayyida Rahma (or Ruma) bint Faisal Al-Sa’id (*b*. at Muscat), daughter of H.H. Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE. He had issue:
    - i) H.E. Sayyid ‘Abdu’llah bin Abbas Al-Sa’id. He had issue, three sons:
        - (1) H.E. Sayyid Usama bin ‘Abdu’llah Al-Sa’id..
        - (2) H.E. Sayyid Nabil bin ‘Abdu’llah Al-Sa’id.
        - (3) H.E. Sayyid Aadil bin ‘Abdu’llah Al-Sa’id.
- e) H.E. Sayyid Mahmud bin Muhammad Al-Sa’id. *b*. 1898, *educ*. privately. Governor of Matrah 1935-1937 and of Birka 1940-1943. *m*. (first) a daughter of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa’idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE. *m*. (second) a lady from the Al-Mashra tribe. He *d*. at Muscat, 28th July 1947, having had issue, four sons and one daughter:
    - i) H.H. Sayyid Shakir bin Mahmud bin Muhammad Al-Sa’id. He opposed the presence of British advisers and claimed Sohar as his fief, for which and other misdemeanours he was restricted to his own residence. *m*. an Indian lady, late in life, while undergoing medical treatment in India.
    - ii) H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Mahmud bin Muhammad Al-Sa’id. State Counselor for Criminal Affairs 1981, Presdt Magistrates Court, Judge of the High Court of Oman, State Adviser for Religious Affairs 1993, and later for Penal Affairs. Dir Al Turki Enterprises LLC (ATE). *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). He *d*. 4th December 2017, having had issue, four sons and two daughters:
        - (1) H.H. Sayyid Marwan bin Turki bin Mahmud Al-Sa’id. Dir of Economic Affairs.Joined Ministry of National Economy, Dir of Economic Affairs in Secretariat of Higher Planning Council 2011, Dir-Gen Developmental Research & Studies Inst, Governor of Dhofar and Chair Dhofar Municipal Council since 2022, Minister of State. Chair National Cttee

to Combat Money Laundering & Terrorism Financing (NCCMLTF). Chair Oman & Emirates Investment Holding Co SAOG since 2012. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (18.11.2024). *m*. at Clark, Nevada, USA, 20th April 1997, Ebru Kahyaoglu (*b*. 15th May 1975), a Turkish national.

  - (2) H.H. Sayyid Faisal bin Turki bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id. Ambassador to Saudi Arabia 2020-2024, Permanent Representative Org for Islamic Co-operation (OIC) since 2020, and Digital Co-operation Org (DCO) since 2024.

  - (3) H.H. Dr Sayyid Faris bin Turki bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id. Assist Professor at Sultan Qaboos Univ.

  - (4) H.H. Dr Sayyid Adham bin Turki bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id. Chair Centre for the Protection of Competition & Prevention of Monopolies, Assist Professor at Sultan Qaboos Univ.

  - (1) H.H. Dr Sayyida Taghrid bint Turki bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id, *educ*. Univ of South Wales (PhD), Cardiff, Wales. Assist Professor Dept of Psychology in the Coll of Education of Sultan Qaboos Univ since 2020.

  - (2) H.H. Dr Sayyida Amal bint Turki bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id.

- iii) H.H. Sayyid Fahad bin Mahmud bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id, GCMG (26.11.2010), GBE (c 16.3.1982). *b*. at Muscat, 5th October 1940 (*s/o* the Al-Mashra lady), *educ*. Sa'idiyyah Sch, Muscat, Govt Secondary Sch, Bahrain, Cairo Univ (B.Econ. 1965, Cairo, Egypt, the Univ of Paris Sorbonne (Pol. Sci. 1969), Paris, France, and the Royal Acad of Arts (KABK), The Hague, Netherlands. Dir of Foreign Affairs 1971, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs 1971-1973, Minister for Information & Culture 1973-1979, Deputy Prime Minister for Legal Affairs 1979-1994, Deputy Prime Minister for the Council of Ministers 1994. Chair The GCC Higher Cttee for Conferences, Council of Sultan Qaboos Univ, and the Higher Cttees of the Royal Opera House Muscat 2010-2026, and for the 5-Year Development Plans. Proprietor of Château de Montchaude, Charente, France 1986-2013. *Rcvd*: the Orders of the Renaissance of Oman, and Al-Russoukh 1st class (23.11.2010), GC of the Order of the Nile of Egypt (16.2.1982), the Orders of the King 'Abdu'l Aziz 1st class of Saudi Arabia (24.12.2006), and Nila Utama 1st class of Singapore (12.3.2009), and the Grand Decoration of Honour for Merit of

Austria (31.3.2001), etc. *m*. H.H. Sayyida Berthe Fahad Al-Sa'id, nutritionist and health adviser, a former French national. He *d*. at Muscat, 12th March 2026, having had issue, a son and three daugters:

- (1) H.H. Dr Kamil bin Fahad bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id. *b*. 22nd October 1980, *educ*. The Sultan's Sch, Muscat, he Royal Holloway Univ of London (BSc Econ 2004), Sch of Oriental & African Studies (MSc 2005), London, Univ of Strathclyde (MBA2013), Glasgow, Scotland, and King's Coll, London (PhD). Intern with Standard Chartered Bank, London 2003 & 2004, and World Trade Org (WTO), Geneva 2005, Assist Under Sec-Gen Office of the Deputy Prime Minister for Cabinet Affairs 2006-2022, Sec-Gen General Secretariat of the Cabinet of Ministers since 2022. Author of "*Royal Opera House Muscat*" (2013). Patron of the Oman Road Safety Assoc 2010-2014. Dir Royal Opera House Muscat since 2011. Mbr Steering Cttee for Peaceful Nuclear Technology since 2006, and the Supreme Cttees of Royal Opera House Muscat since 2006, and Satellite Project 2021-2022. *Rcvd*: the Order of Al-Russoukh 2nd class (17.11.2025), Knt of the Order of the Star of Italy (15.12.2023). *m*. 20th September 2011, Sayyida Rania bint Mazen Al-Emad. He has issue, three sons and one daughter:
    - (a) H.H. Sayyid Fahad bin Kamil bin Fahad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 2014.
    - (b) H.H. Sayyid Nabil bin Kamil bin Fahad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 2017.
    - (c) H.H. Sayyid Majid bin Kamil bin Fahad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 4th September 2019.
    - (a) H.H. Sayyida Malak bint Kamil bin Fahad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 12th June 2012.
- (1) H.H. Sayyida Dr Muna bint Fahad bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id. Assist to Vice-Chancellor Sultan Qaboos Univ (SQU) for External Cooperation. Presdt Children First Soc. Vice-Chair Brd of Trustees of National Museum of Oman. Patron of the Assoc for the Awareness of Cancer. Founder Children's Public Library Oman. Hon Professor Moscow Lomonosov State Univ 2026.
- (2) H.H. Sayyida Nadia bint Fahad bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id.

        - (3) H.H. Sayyida Lubna bint Fahad bin Mahmud Al-Sa'id.
    - iv) H.H. Sayyid Kamil bin Mahmud bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id.
    - i) H.H. Sayyida Hafiza bint Mahmud Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1948. .
- f) H.H. Sayyid Muhammad bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1899, *educ*. privately. Kidnapped and ransomed by Bedouin tribesmen in 1925.
- g) Sayyid Ahmad bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1899 (full brother of Sayyid Khalid), *educ*. privately.
- h) Sayyid Hilal bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1902, *educ*. privately.
- i) Sayyid Saud bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1903, *educ*. privately. He *d*. at St Marylebone, Middlesex, London, Oct-Dec 1973, having had issue, two sons and one daughter:
    - i) H.E. Sayyid Ahmad bin Saud Al-Sa'id. He had issue:
        - (1) H.E. Sayyid Khalid bin Ahmad Al-Sa'id.
    - ii) H.E. Sayyid Muhammad bin Saud Al-Sa'id.
    - i) Sayyida Walyam bin Saud Al-Sa'id. *m*. at Muscat, H.H. Sayyid Muhammad bin Abbas Al-Sa'id, second son of H.H. Sayyid Abbas bin Faisal Al-Sa'id, sometime Presdt Muscat Municipality and Ambassador to India. She had issue, three sons and three daughters – see below.
- j) Sayyid Zahil bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1904, *educ*. privately.
- k) Sayyid Khalid bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id (full-brother of Sayyid Muhammad), *educ*. privately. Kidnapped and ransomed by Bedouin tribesmen in 1925. He had issue:
    - i) H.E. Sayyid Ghalib bin Khalid Al-Sa'id. Dir-Gen of Posts & Telegraphs 1984. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). He had issue:
        - (1) H.E. Sayyid Khattab bin Ghalib bin Khalid Al-Sa'id. Mbr Royal Omani Amateur Radio Soc.
- l) Sayyid 'Ali bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. .
- m) H.H. Sayyid Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id, *educ*. privately. He had issue, seven sons and several daughters, including:
    - i) H.H. Sayyid Barghash bin Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1947. Deputy Governor of Muscat 1989-1997, Special Representative of the Sultan for seven years. Chair Majan Consolidated LLC, Hadid Majan LLC, Time Travel & Tourism

(TTT), etc. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010).He had issue:

        - (1) H.H. Sayyid Nawaf bin Barghash bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id.

    - ii) H.H. Sayyid Ta'alut bin Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. Employed in the Royal Diwan.
    - iii) H.H. Sayyid 'Ali bin Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id.
    - iv) H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id.
    - v) H.H. Sayyid Majid bin Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id.
    - vi) H.H. Sayyid Khalid bin Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id.
    - vii) H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id.
    - i) H.H. Sayyida Aniya bint Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1940. *m*. Muscat, 19xx, H.H. Sayyid Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Muscat, 1923; *d*. at Muscat, 21st March 2007), youngest son of Sayyid 'Ali bin Salim Al-Sa'id. She had issue, five sons and three daughters – see above.
    - ii) H.H. Sayyida Shuruq bint Sa'id bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *m*. Muscat, 19xx, H.H. Sayyid 'Abdu'l-Rauf bin Abbas Al-Sa'id, third son of H.H. Sayyid Abbas bin Faisal Al-Sa'id, sometime Presdt Muscat Municipality and Ambassador to India. She had issue, three sons and one daughter – see below.

  - a) H.H. Sayyida Nura bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *m*. Muscat, 1931, H.H. Sayyid Abbas bin Faisal Al-Sa'id (*b*. posthumously at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 13th November 1913; *d*. 1989), sometime Presdt Muscat Municipality and Ambassador to India, youngest son of H.H. Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE, by his fifth wife, H.H. Sayyida Sabah. He had issue, four sons and one daughter – see below.
  - b) Sayyida Khula bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id. She *d*. at Muscat, 19th December 1940. .

- 2) H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies (*s/o* an Ethiopian *suri*) – see below.
- 3) H.E. Sayyid Fahad bin Turki Al-Sa'id (*s/o* an Ethiopian *suri*), *educ*. privately. Governor of Birka 1890. *m*. at Zanzibar, December 1892, Sayyida Sharifa bint Barghash, third daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Barghash bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCMG, by his wife, Sayyida Moza bint Hamad Al-Sa'id, daughter of H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Salim Al-Sa'id, sometime

Governor of Musnah. He *d*. by suicide, at Muscat, June 1894, having had issue, one son:

- a) H.E. Sayyid Dhiyab bin Fahad bin Turki Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1893, *educ*. privately. Mbr Council of State 1913. Settled in Paris, France. Arrested by the Germans following the occupation of France. *m*. at Muscat, 6th September 1915, Sayyida Shatu bint Faisal Al-Sa'id (*d*. 27th February 1949), daughter of H.H. Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman, GCIE. He *d*. at Bobigny Hospital, Paris, France, 30th January 1945, having had issue, two sons by his wife:
  - i) H.E. Sayyid Nadir bin Dhiyab Al-Sa'id.
  - ii) H.E. Sayyid Taimur bin Dhiyab Al-Sa'id.
  - Sayyid Dhiyab bin Fahad Al-Sa'id, also left two illegitimate children by Gertrud Mallenberg, a German national, fate unknown.

- 1) Sayyida Walyam bint Turki Al-Al-Sa'id. She *d*. suddenly at Muscat, 14th November 1931.
- 2) Sayyida Turkiya bint Turki Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 18xx. *m*. (first) at Zanzibar, November 1873 (*div*. 1874) H.H. Sultan Sayyid Hamad bin Thuwaini, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCSI (*b*. at Muscat, 1857; *d.s.p*. at the Bait al-Sahel, Stone Town, Unguja, Zanzibar, 25th August 1896, *bur*. there at Al-Sa'id Cemetery, Makusurani), seventh and youngest son of H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, by his wife, Sayyida Ghaliya bint Salim Al-Sa'id, daughter of H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman – see *Zanzibar*. *m*. (second) 1878, Sayyid Harub bin Thuwaini Al-Sa'id (*d*. in Oman, before 1893), the elder brother of her first husband, and fourth son of H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, by his wife, Sayyida Ghaliya bint Salim Al-Sa'id, daughter of H.H. Sayyid Salim bin Sultan bin Al-Imam Ahmad bin Sa'id Al-Busaidi Al-Yemeni Al-'Omani Al-Azdi, Sayyid of Muscat and Oman. She *d*. at Zanzibar (*bur*. Al-Sa'id Cemetery, Makusurani), having had issue and only son by her second husband – see above.
- 3) Sayyida ... bint Turki Al-Sa'id. *m*. Amir Talal bin 'Abdu'llah, Amir of Hail (*b*. before 9th October 1820), son of Amir 'Abdu'llah ibn 'Ali ibn Rashid, Amir of Hail, of the Bani Rashid.

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1888 - 1913 H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE (15.11.1903). *b*. at Bombay, India, 4th June 1864, second son of H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCSI, by an Ethiopian *suri*, *educ*. privately. Governor of Nazwa before his accession. Proclaimed on the death of his father, 5th June 1888. *Rcvd*: Delhi Durbar old medals (1.1.1903 and 12.12.1911), and the Order of the Praisworthy (*Wisam al-Hamudiyeh*) 1st class in brilliants of Zanzibar. *m*. (first) at Muscat, 6th August 1881, H.H. Sayyida Aliya bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Muscat, 18xx; *d*. there, 20th June 1946), eldest daughter of H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies. *m*. (second) … (*d*. at Muscat, 15th July 1946), a former African slave. *m*. (third) at Muscat, 1898, H.H. Sayyida Zayanih bint Ibrahim Al-Sa'id (*d*. at Muscat, 4th December 1941), daughter of H.E. Sayyid Ibrahim bin Qais Al-Sa'id, sometime Governor of Rustaq. *m*. (fourth) Sayyida Bashshu (*d*. at Muscat, 1st June 1930). *m*. (fifth) Sayyida Sabah (*d*. 1915). One of these ladies was from the Al-Wahabiya. He *d*. at Muscat, 4th October 1913, having had issue, twelve sons and twelve daughters:

- 1) Sayyid Badran bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1886. He *d*. there, 12th July 1889.
- 2) H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Taimur bin Faisal, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies (*s/o* Sayyida Aliya) – see below.
- 3) H.H. Sayyid Nadir bin Faisal bin Turki Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1887 (*s/o* the second wife), *educ*. privately. Governor of Sumail 1913, Chief Judge 1913-1919, Presdt of the High Court 1919-1920, and Presdt of the Council of Ministers 1920-1924 & 1925-1926. *m*. (first) a Baluchi lady (*d*. at Muscat, 25th September 1928). *m*. (second) at Muscat, 20th November 1910 (*nikah*) and 30th December 1910 (*zifaf*), Sayyida Khula bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id, daughter of Sayyid 'Ali bin Salim Al-Sa'id. *m*. (third) at Muscat, 23rd October 1940, a daughter of H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin Hamad Al-Sa'id, sometime Governor of Gwadur. He *d*. at Muscat, 1971, having had issue:
    - a) Sayyida Muzna bint Nadir Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 17th October 1903.

- 4) Sayyid Muhammad bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 21st November 1889 (*s/o* a slave), *educ*. privately. *m*. at Muscat, 20th November 1910 (*nikah*) and 30th December 1910 (*zifaf*), Sayyida Mahfuza bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id, daughter of Sayyid 'Ali bin Salim Al-Sa'id. He *d.v.p*. in Dhofar, January 1924, having had issue, three sons and fifteen daughters, including:
    - a) Sayyid Hilal bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. ca. 1913, *educ*. privately. He *d*. *unm*. at Muscat, 28th April 1930.
- 5) H.E. Sayyid Hamad bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 1893, *educ*. privately. Governor of Sohar 1921-1931, of Muttrah 1931-1933 and 1937-1939, Minister for Internal Affairs 1933-1937. *m*. at Muscat, 7th October 1927, the former wife of his younger brother Sayyid Salim, and daughter of H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Badr Al-Busaidi al-Ghasham, sometime Governor of Quriyat. He had issue, five sons:
    - a) H.H. Sayyid Sultan bin Hamad Al-Sa'id. State Adviser for Tribal Affairs, Minister for the Interior and Justice. *m*. H.H. Sayyida Mahfuza bint Ibrahim Al-Sa'id, daughter of Sayyid Ibrahim bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id. .
    - b) H.H. Sayyid Dhiyab bin Hamad Al-Sa'id. *m*. at Muscat 1977, …. He had issue:
        - i) H.H. Sayyid Hamid bin Dhiyab bin Hamad Al-Sa'id.
        - i) H.H. Sayyid Muadh bin Dhiyab bin Hamad Al-Sa'id.
    - c) H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Hamad Al-Sa'id. He *d*. young.
    - d) H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Hamad Al-Sa'id. He *d*. young.
    - e) H.H. Sayyid Barghash bin Hamad Al-Sa'id.
- 6) H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 1895 (*d/o* the Al-Wahabiya lady), *educ*. privately. Sometime Governor of Birka and of Gwadur. *Rcvd*: Sultan Khalifa II Silver Jubilee Medal (9.1.1937). *m*. Sayyida Walyam bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id (*d*. 1971), second daughter of Sayyid 'Ali bin Salim Al-Sa'id. He *d*. at Zanzibar, 8th March 1949, having had issue, two sons and a daughter:
    - a) Sayyid Hilal bin Hamud bin Faisal Al-Sa'id.
    - b) H.H. Sayyid Saif bin Hamud bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 27th November 1916, *educ*. MLC Zanzibar 1951-1955. Proprietor and Editor of "*Al-Nahda*" newspaper in Zanzibar. *Rcvd*: Sultan Khalifa II Silver Jubilee Medal (9.1.1937). *m*. (first) at Zanzibar, 1935, Sayyida Raya bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Zanzibar, 1917; *d*. there 1946), daughter of Sayyid Muhammad bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id, by his wife, Sayyida Zena bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id, daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Ali II bin Hamud,

Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies. *m*. (second) at Zanzibar, 1948, H.H. Sayyida Sharifa bint ‘Abdu’llah Al-Sa’id (*b*. at Zanzibar, 1931), *rcvd*: Sultan Khalifa II Silver Jubilee Medal (9.1.1937), youngest daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid ‘Abdu’llah bin Khalifa, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, KBE, CMG, by his wife, H.H. Sayyida Tohfa bint ‘Ali, younger daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid ‘Ali II bin Mahmud, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies. He *d*. at Muscat, April 1971 (or 25th February 1961?), having had issue, five sons and eight daughters:

- i) H.H. Sayyid ‘Ali bin Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Zanzibar,18th November 1937 (*s/o* Sayyida Raya). Sec-Gen to the Minister of the Royal Diwan, prom to the rank of Minister 2006. *m*. a lady from the Al-Kindiya clan. He had issue, eight children, including:
    - (1) H.H. Sayyid Faisal bin ‘Ali bin Saif Al Sa’id..
    - (2) H.H. Sayyid Hamud bin ‘Ali bin Saif Al-Sa’id. *b*. 29th May 1980.
- ii) H.H. Sayyid Jafar bin Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 15th December 1942 (*s/o* Sayyida Raya). *m*. at Portsmouth, Hampshire, 2nd April 1971, Rashida (*b*. at Winchester, 28th June 1952), née Carol Anne Waters, daughter of Thomas James Waters, by his wife, Joyce Hilda, née Paine. He had issue, nine children, including:
    - (1) H.H. Sayyid Numair bin Jafar bin Saif Al-Sa’id.
    - (1) H.H. Sayyida Hujaija bint Jafar bin Saif Al-Sa’id.
    - (2) H.H. Sayyida Borda bint Jafar bin Saif Al-Sa’id. *b*. 29th July 1984.
- iii) H.H. Sayyid Julanda bin Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 30th October 1944 (*s/o* Sayyida Raya). He had issue, five children, including three sons and a daughter:
    - (1) H.H. Sayyid Azzan bin Julanda bin Saif Al-Sa’id, *educ*. Sultan Qaboos Univ, Muscat.
    - (2) H.H. Sayyid Nader bin Julanda bin Saif Al-Sa’id. *b*. 11th October 1971. He *d*. 9th January 1972.
    - (3) H.H. Sayyid Hilal bin Julanda bin Saif Al-Sa’id.
    - (1) H.H. Sayyida Khula bint Julunda bin Saif Al-Sa’id. Pediatric gastroenterologist.

- iv) H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar,11th February 1949 (*s/o* Sayyida Sharifa). Mbr Royal Omani Amateur Radio Soc. *m*. (first) (*div*.) H.H. Sayyida Ghaliya bint Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id, eldest daughter of H.H. Sayyid Salim bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id, by his first wife. *m*. (second) Firuzan Bunul. He has issue, two sons and two daughters by his second wife:
    - (1) H.H. Sayyid Hamid bin Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. *b*. 11th December 1988. .
    - (2) H.H. Sayyid Numaér bin Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. *b*. 7th February 1992.
    - (1) H.H. Sayyida Thuraya bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. *b*. 25th March 1984.
    - (2) H.H. Sayyida Buthaina bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id. *b*. 17th November 1985.
- v) H.H. Sayyid Turki bin Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. 20th September 1954 (*s/o* Sayyida Sharifa). *m*. a lady from the Al-Touqi clan. He had issue, four children, including:
    - (1) H.H. Sayyida Amal bint Turki bin Hamud Al Sa'id.
- i) H.H. Sayyida Shuruq bint Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar,16th May 1939 (*d/o* Sayyida Raya). *m*. at Zanzibar, 1954, H.H. Sayyid Harub bin 'Abdu'llah (*b*. at Zanzibar, 5th May 1936), youngest son of H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Khalifa, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, KBE, CMG, by his wife, H.H. Sayyida Tohfa bint 'Ali, eldest daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid 'Ali II bin Hamud, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies. She had issue, six sons – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).
- ii) H.H. Sayyida Mazun bint Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 4th April 1950 (*d/o* Sayyida Sharifa).
- iii) H.H. Sayyida Khamfura bint Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 14th October 1951 (*d/o* Sayyida Sharifa). *m*. at Portsmouth, Hants, August 1995, Bijan Hosseini.
- iv) H.H. Sayyida Nawar bint Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 14th March 1953 (*d/o* Sayyida Sharifa).
- v) H.H. Sayyida Rim bint Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 23rd November 1955 (*d/o* Sayyida Sharifa). *m*. …Collier. She had issue:

- vi) H.H. Sayyida Judhar bint Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 4th March 1957 (*d/o* Sayyida Sharifa). *m*. (first) (*div*.) Muhammad bin Salim Al-Wardi, son of Salim bin Nasser Al-Wardi, by his wife, Shakha. *m*. (second) ... Nayler. She has issue, two sons and two daughters by her first husband.
- vii) H.H. Sayyida Hudham bint Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Zanzibar, 27th April 1959 (*d/o* Sayyida Sharifa), *educ*. London Univ (BA, Dip HE). Interior designer in Southsea, Hants. MD Who Else's Design Ltd. .
- viii) H.H. Sayyida Aliya bint Saif bin Hamud Al-Sa'id [Mudhghar]. *b*. at Zanzibar, 29th June 1961 (*d/o* Sayyida Sharifa), *educ*. Cambridge Univ. Company director and admin superviser in Southsea, Hants. She *d.unm*. by suicide, while suffering from a serious psychiatric illness, at Queen Alexandra Hospital, Cosham, Hants, 5th May 2007.

- a) H.H. Sayyida Hakima bint Hamud bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1920. *m*. at Zanzibar, 1941, as his second wife, Sayyid Muhammad bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id (*b*. 1907), eldest son of Sayyid Sa'id bin 'Ali Al-Sa'id. She *d*. 9th October 2010, having had issue – see *Tanzania* (*Zanzibar*).

- 7) H.E. Sayyid Salim bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 1897, *educ*. privately. Governor of Gwadur 1915-1918, joined Muscat Levy Corps 1920, prom. *Jemadar* 1921, transf. Muscat Inf. 1923, prom. *Subadar* 1924, resig. 1925. *m*. (*div*. 1927) Sayyida … bint Saif Al-Busaidiyah al-Ghasham (*m*. second, 7th October 1927, her brother-in-law, Sayyid Hamad bin Faisal – see above), daughter of H.E. Sayyid Saif bin Badr Al-Busaidi al-Ghasham, sometime Governor of Quriyat. He *d.s.p*. 19xx.
- 8) H.E. Sayyid 'Ali bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 1899, *educ*. privately. Sec. to the Council of Ministers 1920-1928. He *d*. in India 1970, having had issue:
  - a) H.H. Sayyid Faisal bin 'Ali bin Faisal Al-Sa'id, GBE (c 16.3.1982). *b*. at Muscat, 1927, *educ*. Al-Sa'idiya Sch., Teacher at Al-Sa'idiya Sch., Sec. Dept. of External Affairs 1954-1956, lived abroad in Cairo, Beirut, Damascus and Paris 1956-1970, Dir Education Dept 1970-1971, Minister for Economic Affairs 1971-1972, *Chargé d'Affaires* MFA 1972, Ambassador to the USA and Permanent Rep. at the UN 1972-1973, Minister for Education 1974-1976, National Heritage 1976, and Culture 1979, Adviser for Heritage Affairs. Chair Omani Football Assoc 1976-1983. *Rcvd*: GC of the Orders of Merit of Spain, National Merit of France, etc. He *d*. at Muscat, 29th January 2003.

- 9) H.E. Sayyid Malik bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1901, *educ*. privately. Sec Council of Ministers 1928-1930, Governor of Khasab 1930. He *d*. at Mascat, 1971, having had issue, a daughter:
    - a) H.H. Sayyida Nawwar bint Malik Al-Sa'id. She *d*. *unm*. at Shiraz, Iran, 1974. .
- 10) H.H. Sayyid Shihab bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 1902 (*s/o* Sayyida Aliya), *educ.* privately. Sultan's Deputy 1924, 1935-1936 and 1937-1938, Governor of Sur 1928-1930, and Barka 1930-1935, Minister for External Affairs 1939-1945, *Wakil* and Governor of Muscat 1945-1970. He *d*. at Muscat, 1975, having had issue, a son and a daughter:
    - a) H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Shihab Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1924, *educ*. Sa'idiyyah Sch, Muscat, in Baghdad, Iraq, and in Bahrain. Teacher at Sa'idiyyah Sch 1941-1945, Headmaster Sa'idiyyah Sch 1945-1948, Clerk in the Sultan's Office 1948-1955, attached to the Omani Military Forces and served at Ibri, Fahud and Nizwa1955-1956, Deputy Governor of Muscat 1956-1970, Governor of Muscat 1970-1979, Personal Advisor to the Sultan 1971-1972, Mbr Supreme Council for Economic Planning & Dvpt 1972, Chair Interim Planning Council 1972, Mbr Council of Ministers and Personal Representative of the Sultan 1985-2010. Chair Higher Cttee for National Day Celebrations. Presdt Tender Brd 1973, National Org for Scouts & Guides 1976-2010, and Ghallah Wentworth Golf Club 1982-1989. Hon Chair Oman Japan Friendship Assoc (OJFA) 1974-2010. Mbr Financial Affairs & Energy Resources Council, Royal Omani Amateur Radio Soc, etc. *Rcvd*: GC of the Order of the Rising Sun of Japan (1992). *m*. Zeana. He *d*. 27th June 2010, having had issue, six children, including three sons and two daughters:
        - i) H.H. Sayyid Hamad bin Thuwaini bin Shihab Al-Sa'id. Sec-Gen of the Office of the Personal Representative of HM the Sultan 2006.
        - ii) H.H. Sayyid Harib bin Thuwaini bin Shihab Al-Sa'id. Asst Sec-Gen of the Council of Ministers for Conferences 2007.
        - iii) H.H. Sayyid Muhammad bin Thuwaini bin Shihab Al-Sa'id.
        - i) H.H. Sayyida Aliya bint Thuwaini bin Shihab Al Sa'id. Hon Presdt & Patron Al Noor Assoc for the Blind since 2007. Presdt Oman Hereditary Blood Disorder Assoc. Patron Women in Business Conference 2007 and 2008. Dir The Chedi Hotel since 2006. *m*. and has issue.
        - ii) H.H. Sayyida Thuraya bint Thuwaini bin Shihab Al-Sa'id. .

    - a) H.H. Sayyida Da'ad bint Shihab Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1950, *educ*. privately. Presdt Omani Women's Assoc.

- 11) H.H. Sayyid Abbas bin Faisal Al-Sa'id. *b*. posthumously at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 13th November 1913 (*s/o* Sabah), *educ*. privately. Dir Public Health Dept 1941-1944, Presdt Muscat Municipality, Ambassador to India 1972-1973. Presdt Ghallah Wentworth Golf Club 1980-1982. *m*. (first) at Muscat, 1931 H.H. Sayyida Nura bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id, daughter of Sayyid Muhammad bin Turki Al-Sa'id. *m*. (second) Raqiqa (*d*. three months after her marriage). He *d*. 1989, having had issue, five sons and one daughter:
    - a) H.H. Sayyid Thuwainy bin Abbas Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx (*s/o* Sayyida Nura). He *d*. young.
    - b) H.H. Sayyid 'Abdu'l-Wahab bin Abbas Al-Sa'id.
    - c) H.H. Sayyid Muhammad bin Abbas Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx (*s/o* Sayyida Nura). *m*. at Muscat, 19xx, H.H. Sayyida Walyam bint Saud Al-Sa'id, daughter of Sayyid Saud bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. He has issue three sons and three daughters:
        - i) H.H. Sayyid Mahmud bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx.
        - ii) H.H. Sayyid Nadir bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx.
        - iii) H.H. Sayyid Mutassim bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1977.
        - i) H.H. Sayyida Sabah bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx.
        - ii) H.H. Sayyida Raima bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx.
        - iii) H.H. Sayyida Hodham bint Muhammad Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx.
    - d) H.H. Sayyid 'Abdu'l-Rauf bin Abbas Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx (*s/o* Sayyida Nura). *m*. at Muscat, 19xx, H.H. Sayyida Shuruq bin Sa'id Al-Sa'id, daughter of Sayyid Saud bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id. He has issue:
        - i) H.H. Sayyid Faisal bin 'Abdu'l-Rauf Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx.
        - ii) H.H. Sayyid Malik bin 'Abdu'l-Rauf Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx.
        - iii) H.H. Sayyid Khalid bin 'Abdu'l-Rauf Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx. .

- i) H.H. Sayyida Shireen bint ‘Abdu’l-Rauf Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx.

- e) H.H. Sayyid ‘Umar bin Abbas Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Muscat, 19xx. *m*. at Muscat, 19xx, H.H. Sayyida Shireen bint Ahmad Al-Sa’id, daughter of Sayyid Ahmad bin Thabit Al-Busaidi, by his wife, Sayyida ‘Aliya bint Farid Al-Sa’id, daughter of Sayyid Farid bin ‘Ali Al-Sa’id, of Zanzibar.

- a) H.H. Sayyida Sabah bint Abbas Al-Sa’id. She accidentally drowned in a reservoir in her father’s garden at the age of three years.

- 12) Sayyid Matar bin Faisal Al-Sa’id. Mentioned in allowance list 1930 (illegit?).

- 1) Sayyida … bint Faisal Al-Sa’id. *m*. at Chukwani Palace, Zanzibar, 1902 (*div*. and remarried 1904), H.H. Sultan Sayyid ‘Ali II bin Hamud, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies (*b*. at Zanzibar, 7th June 1884; *d*. at Paris, 20th December 1918, *bur*. there at Père Lachaise Muslim Cemetery), eldest son of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Hamud bin Muhammad, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCSI, by his wife, Sayyida Khanfora bint Majid Al-Sa’id, daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Majid bin Sa’id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies. She had issue, two sons and two daughters – see *Zanzibar*.

- 2) Sayyida Burda bint Faisal Al-Sa’id.

- 3) Sayyida Rahma bint Faisal Al-Sa’id.

- 4) Sayyida Ruma bint Faisal Al-Sa’id.

- 5) Sayyida Taimura bint Faisal Al-Sa’id. She *d*. *unm*. at Muscat, 1976.

- 6) Sayyida Aliya bint Faisal Al-Sa’id.

- 7) Sayyida Walyam bint Faisal Al-Sa’id. She *d*. *unm*. at Muscat.

- 8) Sayyida Shatu’ bint Faisal Al-Sa’id. *m*. at Muscat, 6th September 1915, H.H. Sayyid Dhiyab bin Fahad bin Turki Al-Sa’id (*b*. at Muscat, 1893; *d*. at Bobigny Hospital, Paris, France, 30th January 1945), sometime Mbr Council of State, only son of Sayyid Fahad bin Turki Al-Sa’id, by his wife, Sayyida Sharifa bint Barghash Al-Sa’id, daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Barghash bin Sa’id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCMG. She *d*. 27th February 1949, having had issue, two sons – see above.

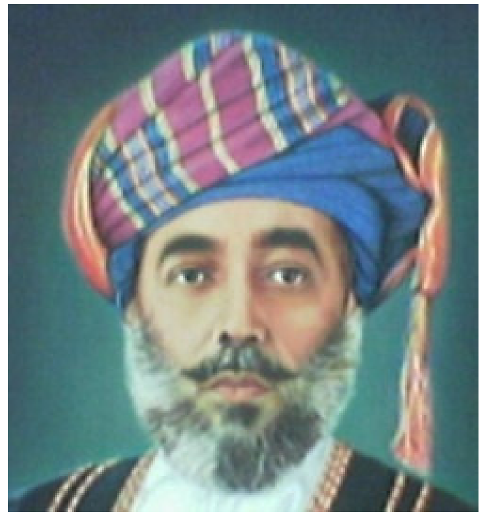
- 9) Sayyida Saraya bint Faisal Al-Sa’id.

- 10) Sayyida Taimura bint Faisal Al-Sa’id.

- 11) Sayyida Shirin bint Faisal Al-Sa’id. She *d*. *unm*. at Muscat, 25th September 1926.

- 12) Sayyida Shuruqa bint Faisal Al-Sa’id. She *d*. *unm*. from consumption at Muscat, 14th March 1929.

continued from previous page.



1913 - 1932 H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Taimur al-Mu'azzam bin Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, KCIE (4.5.1926), CSI (4.6.1917). *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 1886, second son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCIE, by his first wife, H.H. Sayyida Aliya bint Thuwaini Al-Sa'id, eldest daughter of H.H. Sayyid Thuwaini bin Sa'id, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, *educ*. privately. Proclaimed as *Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies* on the death of his father, 5th October 1913. Installed at Muscat, 15th October 1913. He took little interest in the direct administration of the country and habitually resided in India for extended periods of time after September 1920, having appointed a Council of Ministers (*Majlis al-Vizarat*) to conduct local affairs during his absence. He finally abdicated in favour of his eldest son on 10th February 1932, several earlier attempts having been refused by the British authorities. He resided abroad for the rest of his life, mostly in Bombay and Poona, where he used the name "Mr T.F.T. Sa'id". Founder and Sovereign of the Sa'idi Order of the State of Oman (*Wisam ud-Daula Al-Sa'idiya Omaniya*) in 1913. *Rcvd*: Delhi Durbar silver medals (1.1.1903 and 12.12.1911). *m*. (first) at Muscat, 1904, H.H. Sultana Sayyida Fatima bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id (*b*. at Zanzibar, 4th May 1891; *d*. at Muscat, April 1967, *bur*. there), daughter of Sayyid 'Ali bin Salim Al-Sa'id, by his wife, Sayyida Aliya bint Barghash Al-Sa'id, daughter of H.H. Sultan Sayyid Barghash bin Sa'id, Sultan of Zanzibar and its dependencies, GCMG. *m*. (second) at Istanbul, Turkey, 1920 (*div*. at Bombay, India, 1921) Kamila *Khanum* (*b*. at Istanbul, Turkey, 1895), a Turkish national of Circassian descent, who returned to Istanbul after her divorce and took the name Madame Kamile İlgiray. *m*. (third) at Akashi, near Kobe, Japan, 5th May 1936, Kiyoko Al-Said (*b*. at Kobe, Japan, 1916; *d*. from pyelonephritis, at Aodani, Kobe, Japan, October 1939, *bur*. Osawa Park Graveyard, Inami-cho, Hyogo Prefecture, Kansai), née Kiyoko Oyama, eldest daughter of Kanji Oyama, of Oji-cho, Nadaku, Kobe, Japan, an official in the Japanese Customs Service. *m*. (fourth) at Bombay, India, March 1941 (*div*. 1943) Sayyida Nafisa Bundukji (*m*. second, Jimmy Hussein Fancy, sometime MD of Pakistan Industries Ltd.), daughter of *Khan Bahadur* Sayyid Sadiq Hasan Bundukji, of Bombay, sometime tutor to Sultan Taimur bin Faisal. *m*. (a) a lady from the Yemen. *m*. (b) a Dhofari slave. He *d*. at Bombay, India, 28th January 1965 (*bur*. at the Royal Cemetery, Muscat), having had issue, five sons and one daughter:

- 1) H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Sa'id bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam, Sultan of Muscat and Oman and dependencies (*s/o* Sayyida Fatima) – see below.
- 2) H.H. Sayyid Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 12th October 1912 (*s/o* the second wife), *educ*. privately. Governor of Birka 1936, 1943-1944, and 1948, and of Muttrah 1939-1943, of Musniah 1948-1953, and of Sur 1953, Assist to the Judge High Court at Muscat 1936-1939, Passport Officer 1939-1940, Deputy Governor of Muscat 1972-1979. *m*. Jalilah Al-Busa'idiyah. He had issue, four sons and seven daughters:
    - a) H.H. Sayyid Numeir bin Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. He had issue:
        - i) H.H. Sayyid Majid bin Numeir bin Majid Al-Sa'id.
        - ii) H.H. Sayyid Taimur bin Numeir bin Majid Al-Sa'id.
    - b) H.H. Sayyid Al Julanda bin Majid Al-Sa'id. He was *k*. in a motor accident, having had issue:
        - i) H.H. Sayyid Dr Fahd bin Al Julanda bin Majid Al-Sa'id, *educ*. Univ of Reading (PhD 1988). Assist Vice-Presdt Admin & Finance at Sultan Qaboos Univ (SQU), Assist Professor Crop Science Dept. Special Adviser to the Sultan. Mbr SQU Coll Brd, Omani Employment Cttee, Student Appeals Cttee, Student Recruitment Cttee and Department Brd.
        - ii) H.H. Sayyid Nazar bin Al Julanda bin Majid Al-Sa'id. First Sec Washington DC 2002, and Head of Projects and Properties Dept at the Foreign Ministry 2006, Ambassador to Indonesia 2014. *m*. Sayyida Badria bint Saif Al-Sa'id, daughter of Sayyid Saif bin Muhammad Al-Sa'id.
    - c) H.H. Sayyid Harub bin Majid Al-Sa'id. He *d*. young..
    - d) H.H. Sayyid Mansur bin Majid Al-Busaidi. Adviser to the Ministry for Heritage & Culture since 2004. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010).
    - a) H.H. Sayyida Alya bint Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id.
    - b) H.H. Sayyida Mahfuza bint Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id.
    - c) H.H. Sayyida Atika bint Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *m*. at Grimsby, Lincolnshire, July 1985, Trevor W Marriott (*b*. at Cleethorpes, Lincolnshire, Jul-Sep 1960), son of Dennis B Marriott, by his wife, Pauline, née Kirk.
    - d) H.H. Sayyida Zayana bint Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id.

- e) H.H. Sayyida Muna bint Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id.
- f) H.H. Sayyida Intisar bint Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id.
- g) H.H. Sayyida Imtithal bint Majid bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id..

- 3) H.H. Sayyid Fahr bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 16th January 1920 (*s/o* a Dhofari slave), *educ*. Mayo Coll, Ajmer, Rajputna, and Prince of Wales's RIMA, Dehra Dun, India, and Pakistan Military Acad, Kakul, Pakistan. Cmsnd as 2nd-Lieut 2nd Btn 10th Baluch Regt, Pakistan Army, 1948, Instructor at Weapons Training Sch, Quetta and with the 10th Baluch Regimental Training Centre 1949-1950, transf Muscat Infantry 1950, served with Muscat Infantry and Oman Gendarmerie 1950-1963, Inspector of Governors, Customs, Communications & Immigration 1963-1966, went into voluntary exile in Beirut 1966 and worked with Shaikh Shakbut of Abu Dhabi until returning to Oman 1970, Liaison Officer at the Defence Ministry 1970-1973, Deputy Minister for Security & Defence 1973-1976, Minister for the Interior 1974-1976, and for Youth Affairs 1976-1979, Deputy Prime Minister for Security & Defence 1976-1996. Patron Mbr Mayo Coll General Council 1984. Chair Electroman LLC 1979-1996. *Rcvd*: the Order of Oman 1st class. *m*. (first) (*div*.) Noura Al Hinai (*m*. second, …), a lady from Suwaiq. *m*. (second) (*div*.) Samira bint Saif al-Ma'amari (*b*. at Zanzibar, ca 1930), as her third husband, sometime Dir-Gen in the Ministry of Education. *m*. (third) 1978 (*div*.) Anna Faher Taimur Al-Said (*b*. in Austria, 8th January 1942; *m*. second, at Clark, Nevada, USA, 12th April 1981 (*div*. there, 13th June 1988, and remarried there, 2nd December 2003), Taros Jerejian, by whom she had one son, and *d*. at Altadena, California, USA, 29th November 2015, *but*. there at Mountain View Cemetery & Mausoleum). *m*. (fourth) at Westminster, London, March 1980, Virginia Merion Beatrice [Madam Virginia Fahr Al-Sa'id] (*b*. 19th November 1941), widow of Major Thomas Peter Anthony Abbot-Davies, and elder daughter of Colonel John Francis Williams-Wynne, CBE, DSO, CStJ, of Peniarth, Tywyn, Merioneth, sometime Lord Lieutenant of Gwynedd, by his wife, Margaret Gwendolen Hayward, daughter of The Rev George Eliot Roper. He *d*. after a long battle against cancer, at Muscat, 2nd November 1996 (*bur*. there at the Royal Cemetery), having had issue, one son and three daughters:
    - a) H.H. Sayyid Fatik bin Fahr bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1956 (*s/o* Noura). Dir-Gen of Tourism, Sec-Gen Ministry of Heritage & Culture since 2005. Gen Supervisor Oman Folk Poetry Council. Chair Electroman LLC, Fatik bin Fahr Group, Suwaiq Club, Third Omani Theatre Festival Organizing Cttee, etc. Patron-in-Chief Al-Suwaiq Club. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). He has issue, six sons and a daughter:
        - i) H.H. Sayyid Loay bin Fatik bin Fahr Al-Sa'id. Chair FBF Group 2007. Dir Fatik bin Fahr Group.

- ii) H.H. Sayyid Fahar bin Fatik bin Fahr Al-Sa'id, *educ*. Bedstone Coll, Bucknell, Shropshire, Muscatine High Sch, Muscatine, Iowa, USA, and the London Sch of Business & Finance (LSBF), the City of London. Deputy Chair Electroman Co.
- iii) H.H. Sayyid Suhaib bin Fatik bin Fahr Al-Sa'id, *educ*. Muscat International Sch, and in the UK.
- iv) H.H. Sayyid Harib bin Fatik bin Fahr Al-Sa'id.
- v) H.H. Sayyid Taimur bin Fatik bin Fahr Al-Sa'id.
- vi) H.H. Sayyid Faris bin Fatik bin Fahr Al-Sa'id. Chair Al-Suwaiq Club.
- i) H.H. Sayyida Noura bint Fatik bin Fahr Al-Sa'id..

- a) H.H. Dr Sayyida Ghaliya bint Fahr bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1958 (*d/o* Noura). Proprietor Ghaliyah Museum of Modern Art.
- b) H.H. Sayyida Zawwan bint Fahr bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 1962 (*d/o* Noura), *educ*. Univ of London (BA), and Falmouth Sch of Art and Design (dipl. Broadcasting 1995). Broadcaster with Radio Oman since 1991. *m*. Brigadier 'Abdu'llah Al-Dhabari, Chair Technique LLC since 1996. She has issue, one son and twin daughters.
- c) H.H. Sayyida Latifa bint Fahr bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1981 (*d/o* Virginia), *educ*. Oman and UK, and at the Charles H. Cecil Studios, Florence, Italy. Artist.

- 4) H.H. Sayyid Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Istanbul, Turkey, after the divorce of his parents, 30th June 1921 (*s/o* Kamila), *educ*. English High Sch, Istanbul, at Frankfurt-en-Maine, Germany, and at the Indian Police Acad, Vellore, Madras, India. Cmsnd as *Jemadar* Muscat Infantry 1941, attached as 2nd-Lieut Zhob Militia, India 4/12/1943, prom temp Capt and served as Adjutant Chasai Levy Corps 1944-1945, served in WW2 on the North-West Frontier 1943-1945, Presdt of the Municipalities of Muscat and Matrah 1945-1957, liaison officer with the SOMF and Dir of Civil & Military Ops in the Jebel Akhtar War 1957-1959, Inspector of Governorates 1960-1962, in exile 1962-1970 (leader of the anti-Sultan front 1966-1970), Prime Minister 1970-1971, Personal Adviser to the Sultan 1972-1980. Chair Brd of Governors of Central Bank of Oman 1975-1980. *Rcvd*: the Military Order of Oman 1st class, and the Order of the Renaissance of Oman 1st class, GC of the Orders of Humayun of Iran (3.3.1974), and Merit of the Republic of Italy (31.7.1975). *m*. (first) at Muscat, 11th October 1941, H.H. Sayyida Shawana bint Hamud Al-Busa'idiyah [Umm Qais] (*d*. 12th June 2018), granddaughter of the Governor of Nakhl, and daughter of Sayyid Hamud bin Ahmad Al-Busa'idi. *m*. (second) 19th June 1946,

H.H. Sayyida Shawana bint Nasir Al-Sa'id Rathabia [Umm Talal], daughter of Sayyid Nasir bin Hamud Al-Sa'id Rathabia, sometime Governor of Luwa. *m*. (third) 1965 (*div*.) Helen Lucy Bromm, a German national. He *d*. at The Wellington Hospital, St John's Wood, London, 28th December 1980 (*bur*. Royal Family Graveyard, Muscat), having had issue, seven sons and two daughters:

- a) Major H.H. Sayyid Talal bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 27th July 1947 (*s/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Talal), *educ*. Haydarpasa High Sch, Istanbul, Turkey, and No. 3 (Basic) Flying Training Sch, RAF Leeming, North Yorkshire. Cmsnd as Pilot Officer RAF 1970, prom Flying Officer 1973, prom Maj RAF of Oman 1974, Military Attache, Consultant to Minister for Defence. Chair Omani European Bank SAOC 1990, Nawa International LLC, and Al-Manuma LLC. Dir Union Bank of Oman OSC. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). *m*. Tahira, a lady of Turkish origin. He has issue, four children:

    - i) H.H. Sayyid Nabigh bin Talal bin Tariq Al-Sa'id, *educ*. The Sultan's Sch, Muscat, and Deakin Univ (Dipl 2004, BSc 2006), Geelong, Victoria, Australia. Deputy Dir of Quality Control in Ministry of Environment. Dir Al-Manuma LLC since 2010.

    - ii) H.H. Sayyid Tarik bin Talal bin Tariq Al-Sa'id, *educ*. The Sultan's Sch, Muscat, Deakin Univ (Dipl 2004, BSc 2006), Geelong, Victoria, Australia, and the Modern Coll of Business & Science (BBA 2012), Muscat. Dir Al-Manuma LLC since 2013.

    - i) H.H. Sayyida Afra bint Talal bin Tariq Al-Sa'id, *educ*. St George's Sch, Montreux, and Franklin Coll, Lugano, Switzerland, and Marymount Univ (BA 2004), Arlington, Virginia, USA. Dir Al-Manuma LLC, and Dar al-Atta'a..

- b) H.H. Sayyid Qais bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 20th January 1952 (*s/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Qais), *educ*. Haydarpasa High Sch, Istanbul, Turkey. Counsellor Omani Embassy in London. Presdt Ghallah Wentworth Golf Club 1989-2011, Oman Karate-Do Centre, Mbr Steering Cttee of Muscat Hills Golf and Country Club, etc. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). *m*. H.H. Sayyida Susan Al-Sa'id, an American national, Dir Bait Muzna Gallery since 2000, Vice-Presdt & Treasurer AFOGNAK Construction & Excavating Inc (perivously Kodiak Lumber Ltd), Mbr Advisory Brd of the International Conference on Integrated Value Education, Steering Cttee of Muscat Hills Golf and Country Club, etc, daughter of Albert E. Schafer, of Seward, Alaska, USA, Presdt AFOGNAK Construction & Excavating Inc (perivously Kodiak Lumber Ltd), by his wife, Willian M. Byrd,

daughter of George Martin Byrd, of Sedro-Woolley, Washington, USA. He *d*. 22nd March 2011, having had issue, three sons and one daughter:

    - i) H.H. Sayyid Azzan bin Qais Al-Sa'id.
    - ii) H.H. Sayyid Hamoud bin Qais Al-Sa'id.
    - iii) H.H. Sayyid Rawy bin Qais Al-Sa'id. Mbr Steering Cttee of Muscat Hills Golf and Country Club.
    - i) H.H. Sayyida Muzna bint Qais Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1986 (eldest). Joint Proprietor of the Bait Muzna Gallery.

- c) Brigadier-General H.H. Sayyid Asa'ad bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 20th June 1954 (*s/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Talal), *educ*. Al-Sa'idia Sch, Muscat, Millfield Sch, Street, Somerset, RMA Sandhurst, Camberley, Surrey, and King's Coll, London (BA Mil Sc 1986). Cmsnd as 2nd-Lieut British Army 1977, and Royal Oman Army 1977, attached to an infantry btn 1978-1979, prom Lieut 1979, Adjutant Muscat Btn 1979-1980, attached Sultan of Oman's Armoured Corps 1980, Deputy c/o Armoured Vehicles 1981-1983, Training Instructor in Military Discipline 1983-1984, c/o 2nd Armoured Btn 1984-1985, prom Col 1985, c/o Armoured Vehicles 1985-1986, c/o Armoured Regt 1986-1987, prom Brig-Gen 1987, Cdr Armoured Bde 1987-1993, Sec-Gen High Cttee for Conferences (with personal rank of Minister) 1993-2002, Personal Representative of HM the Sultan since 2002, Head of Omani Delegation South American-Arab Summit in Riyadh 2015, Deputy Prime Minister for International Relations and Cooperation since 2017. Hon Presdt Oman Equestrian & Camel Fed (OECF), and Oman Down Syndrome Assoc. Chair Oman Merchant Bank (OMB) since 2007, etc. *Rcvd*: the Order of Al-Russoukh 1st class (23.11.2010), and the Military Order of Oman 2nd class, 10th, 15th, 25th and 35th Anniversary Medal, the Order of King 'Abdu'l Aziz 1st class of Saudi Arabia (24.12.2006), etc. *m*. at Muscat, 1978, Sayyida Na'emah bint Badr Al-Busa'idiyah, daughter of Sayyid Badr bin Sa'id Al-Busa'idi. He has issue, three sons and two daughters, including:

    - i) H.H. Sayyid Taimur bin Asa'ad bin Tariq Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1983, *educ*. Muscat Internaational Sch, Muscat, in Brighton, West Sussex and at Galashiels, Selkirk, Scotland, and the American Coll of London (BA), London. Assist Sec-Gen for Communicaations & Corporate Identity at the Scientific Research Council (TRC). Chair Ezz Islamic Bank of Oman, and Awasr Co Ltd. Dir Bank Dhofar. *m*. 2004, Shaikha Salma bint Mustahail al-Qahtani al-Ma'ashani, *educ*. Shatti Govt Girls' Sch, and Sultan Qaboos Univ,

Muscat, eldest daughter of Shaikh Mustahail bin Ahmad al-Qahtani al-Ma'ashani, maternal uncle of Sultan Qaboos.

    - i) H.H. Sayyida Hozam bint Asa'ad bin Tariq Al-Sa'id.

- d) H.H. Sayyid Haitham bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id, who succeeded as H.M. Sultan Sayyid Haitham bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam, Sultan of Oman and Dependencies (*s/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Qais) – see below.

- e) Rear-Admiral H.H. Sayyid Shihab bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 5th March 1956 (*s/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Qais). Cdr of the Royal Oman Navy 1990-2004, Adviser to the Sultan 2004-2020, Deputy Prime Minister for Defense Affairs since 2020. Chair The Research Council (TRC), Vice-Presdt Environmental Council of the Royal Diwan. Chair Arabian Maritime & Navigation Aids Services (AMNAS) since 2003, Seven Seas Navigation Services Co LLC, Modern Coll of Business & Science (MCBS) since 2004, etc. Presdt Al-Seeb Club since 1982. *Rcvd*: the Order of Al-Russoukh 1st class (23.11.2010), the Order of King 'Abdu'l Aziz 1st class of Saudi Arabia (24.12.2006). *m*. H.H. Sayyida Rawda bint 'Abdu' bin Hamad Al-Busa'idiyah (*b*. at Muscat), daughter of H.E. Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Hamad bin Saif Al-Busa'idi, sometime Governor of Musandam. He has issue, six children, including:

    - i) H.H. Sayyid Malik bin Shihab bin Tariq Al-Sa'id. Dir Al-Seeb Club.

    - ii) H.H. Sayyid Nader bin Shihab bin Tariq Al-Sa'id. Dir Al-Seeb Club.

    - i) H.H. Sayyida Miyan bint Shihab bin Tariq Al-Sa'id. Artist, photographer and interior designer. *m*. at the Hall of Mirrors, Al-Alam Palace, Muscat, 11th November 2021 (*nikah*) and 21st November 2021 (*zifaf*), as his first wife (*div*. 9th March 2022), H.H. Sayyid Theyazin bin Haitham bin Tariq Al-Sa'id, Crown Prince of Oman (*b*. at Muscat, 21st August 1990), Minister for Culture, Sports and Youth, only son of her paternal uncle, H.M. Sultan Sayyid Haitham bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id, Sultan of Oman and Dependencies, GCVO, by his wife, H.H. Al-Jalila Sayyida Ahad bint 'Abdu'llah bin Hamad Al-Busa'idiyah, daughter of H.E. Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Hamad bin Saif Al-Busa'idi, sometime Governor of Musandam – see below.

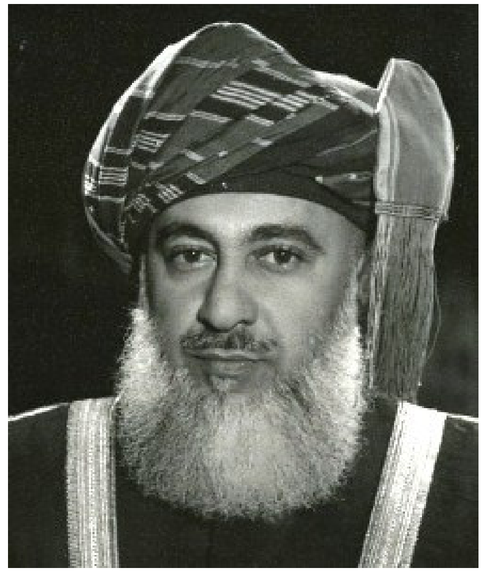
- f) H.H. Sayyid Adham bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Busaidi. *b*. at Muscat, 1959 (*s/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Qais). Chair The Double Crown Group. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). He has issue, three children.

- g) H.H. Sayyid Faris bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 5th March 1961 (*s/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Qais). He *d*. at Grantham, Lincolnshire, 24th March 1982.
- a) H.H. Sayyida Amal bint Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Muscat, 18th November 1950 (*d/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Qais). Brand Ambassador for Omani Women's Fashion Trends since 2011, and Light & Shadow Enterprises LLC since 2012. *m*. a Lebanese national. .
- b) H.H. Sayyida Nawal bint Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id [Kamila]. *b*. at Muscat, 20th November 1951 (*d/o* Sayyida Shawana Umm Talal). *m*. (first) at Muscat, 22nd March 1976 (*div*. 1979), H.M. Sultan Sayyid Qaboos bin Sa'id bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam, Sultan of Oman and Dependencies, GCB, GCMG, GCVO, GCStJ (*b*. at al-Husn, Salalah, Dhofar, 18th November 1940; *d.s.p*. from colon cancer, at Beit al-Baraka Palace, Muscat, 10th January 2020), only son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Sa'id bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCMG, GCIE, by his second wife, H.H. Shaikha Miyzun bint Ahmad al-Qahtani al-Ma'ashani [Mazoon], daughter of Shaikh Ahmad bin 'Ali al-Qahtani al-Ma'ashani, a member of the Ma'ashan tribe from Taqa, Dhofar (see below). *m*. (second), 2005, ...

- 5) H.H. Sayyid Shabib bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at Bombay, India, after the divorce of his parents, 22nd August 1943 (*s/o* Nafisa), *educ*. Grammar Sch, Karachi, Pakistan; Princeton Coll, the Aero and Auto Engineering Coll, Chelsea, London, and Queen Elizabeth Coll, Oxford. Certified Accountant with Hugil, Tingle and Comber, London 1968-1970, Acting Dir Ministry of Foreign Affairs and Assist to the PM 1970-1971, Chargé d'Affaires at London 1971-1972, and Washington DC 1972-1973, Ambassador to Pakistan 1973-1975, and Morocco 1975-1980, Minister of State and Personal Envoy of the Sultan 1981-1983, Assist to the Chair of the Council for the Conservation of Environment and Protection against Pollution 1984-1986, Minister of Environment 1983-1990, and for Water Resources 1986-1989, HM's Adviser on Environmental Affairs. Chair Tawoos LLC and subsidiary companies since 1982, Mbr Higher Cttee for Town Planning 1984-1991, Presdt Oman Equestrian Fdn 1984. *Rcvd*: Orders of the Renaissance of Oman 1st class (16.11.1985), Sultan Qaboos (4.11.1980), and the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010), GC of the Orders of Alaoui of Morocco (19.11.1976), and the Nile of Egypt (16.2.1982), the Order of King 'Abdu'l Aziz 1st class of Saudi Arabia (24.12.2006), the Grand Decoration of Honour for Merit of Austria (31.3.2001), etc. *m*. at Kensington, Middlesex, Jul-Sep 1967, Gerda Verena Al-Saïd-Ammann, Dir Téléphérique Rougemont Videmanette SA since 1998, and Sesselbahn Chalberhöni-Pra Cluen AG since 2001, daughter of a Swiss industrialist. He had issue, two sons and one daughter:

- a) H.H. Sayyid Tariq bin Shabib bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1968, *educ*. in England (MA Econ and Politics). Chair The National Hospitality Inst (NHI) SAOG since 1995, and Marina Bander Al Rowdha Co SAOG until 2003. Vice-Chair Tawoos LLC since 1982. Dir Renaissance Services Co SAOG since 1996, Topaz Energy & Marine since 1996, and Amani Financial Services SAOC. Editor-in-Chief "*Oman Economic Review*", United Media Services (UMS) since 1988. Patron Environmental Soc of Oman (ESO), and the Gulf Sch of Business (GSB) since 2009. Mbr Mngmt Cttee of Vision Real Economy GCC Fund since 2010. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 2nd class (23.11.2010). *m*. 18th April 2003, Lamees bint 'Abdu'llah Daar (*b*. 1979), Exec Dir Environmental Soc of Oman (ESO). He has issue, one son and one daughter:
  - i) H.H. Sayyid Azlan bin Tariq Al-Sa'id. *b*. 9th October 2007.
  - i) H.H. Sayyida Xara bint Tariq Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1st April 2005.
- b) H.H. Sayyid Taimur bin Shabib bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1983, *educ*. in the UK.
- a) H.H. Sayyida Tania bint Shabib bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. 1973, *educ*. in England (BSc in marine & freshwater biology). Dip in early childhood education (American Montessori Soc). Presdt Environment Soc of Oman (ESO). Dir Tawoos LLC. *m*. 12th May 2001, Rishi Ajitsinh Khimji (*b*. at Muscat, 1973), *educ*. Institut Le Rosey, Rolle, Vaud, Switzerland, and Univ of Hartford (BA 1996), West Hartford, Connecticut, USA, MD Ajit Khimji Group (AKG) LLC, and Asha Enterprises LLC, Dir Halcyon Trading Ovt Ltd since 2000, Topaz Energy & Marine, Ohana Trading Pvt Ltd since 2015, etc, second son of Ajitsinh Gokaldas Khimji, of Muscat, Oman, Chair Ajit Khimji Group (AKG) LLC, by his wife, Asha. She has issue, one son and one daughter.

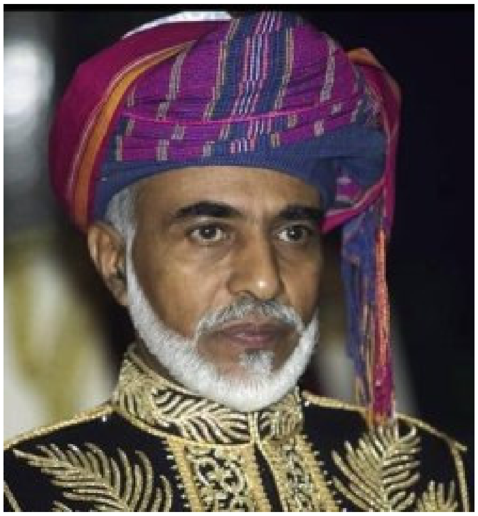
- 1) H.H. Sayyida Bouthaina bint Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id [Setsuko]. *b*. at Nakao-cho, Fukiaiku, Kobe, Japan, 10th October 1937 (*d/o* Kiyoko).



1932 - 1970 H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Sa'id bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCMG (30.7.1956), GCIE (1.1.1945, KCIE 30.3.1938). *b*. at the Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 13th August 1910, eldest son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Taimur al-Mu'azzam bin Faisal bin Turki, Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, KCIE, CSI, by his first wife, H.H. Sultana Sayyida Fatima bint 'Ali Al-Sa'id, daughter of Sayyid 'Ali bin Salim Al-Sa'id, *educ*. Abu Thaina Sch, Muscat, Mayo Coll, Ajmer, Rajputana, India, and the Central High Sch (*Madrasat al-Thanawiya al-Markaziya*), Baghdad, Iraq. Minister of State and Mbr Council of Ministers 1928-1929, Presdt Council of Ministers 1929-1932. Recognised as successor to his father by the British authorities, 9th January 1932. Accepted succession and proclaimed as *Sultan of the Sa'idi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies*, 10th February 1932. Formally installed at a Dubar at the Beit al-Barzah, Beit al-'Alam, Muscat, 3rd March 1932. Concluded an Agreement prolonging the duration of the 1891 Treaty of Friendship, Commerce and Navigation between Oman and the United Kingdom, 11th February 1932. Resided in Salalah, in South Oman after 1958. Deposed by his only son and exiled to London, 23rd July 1970. Rcvd: King George V Silver Jubilee (3.6.1935), King George VI Coron (11.5.1937), and Queen Elizabeth II Coron (1.6.1953) medals, GC of the Order of Faisal I of Iraq (1955), etc. *m*. (first) in Dhofar, April 1933 (*div*. 1936) Shaikha Fatima bint 'Ali Fankhar al-Ma'ashaniyah (*d*. at Muscat, 24th February 2011), daughter of Shaikh 'Ali Fankhar bin Huwayrar al-Ma'ashani, of Qara, by his wife, Fatima. *m*. (second) in Dhofar, 1936, H.H. Shaikha Miyzun bint Ahmad al-Qahtani al-Ma'ashaniyah [Mazoon], *Sayyida Al-Jalila* (*b*. at Taqa, near Salalah, Dhofar, 192x; *d*. from diabetic complications, 12th August 1992, *bur*. Taqa Mosque Cemetery), granted the personal title of *Sayyida Al-Jalila* together with the style of *Her Highness*, a first cousin of his first wife, daughter of Shaikh Ahmad bin 'Ali al-Qahtani al-Ma'ashani, a member of the Ma'ashan tribe from Taqa, Dhofar. He *d*. at London, 20th October 1972 (*bur*. Brookwood Muslim Cemetery, Woking, Surrey), having had issue, one son and two daughters:

- 1) H.M. Sultan Sayyid Qaboos bin Sa'idbin Taimur al-Mu'azzam, Sultan of Oman and Dependencies (*s/o* Mazoon) – see below.
- 1) H.H. Sayyida Hujaima bint Sa'id bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id [Khadija] (*d/o* a *suri*). She *d*. 16th May 1968.

- 2) H.H. Sayyida Umaima bint Sa'id bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id. *b*. at al-Husn Palace, Salalah, Dhofar, 16th May 1934 (*d/o* Fatima), *educ*. privately. A keen photographer, who was steeped in the art of protocol, royal ceremonials and etiquette. She *d*. at London, 28th November 2002 (*bur*. beside her father, Brookwood Muslim Cemetery, Woking, Surrey).



1970 – 2020 H.M. Sultan Sayyid Qaboos bin Sa'id bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam, Sultan of Oman and Dependencies, GCB (c 18.3.1982), GCMG (8.7.1976), GCVO (28.2.1979), Royal Victorian Chain (27.11.2010), GCStJ (19.3.1984, KStJ 8.10.1976). *b*. at al-Husn Palace, Salalah, Dhofar, 18th November 1940, only son of H.H. Sultan al-Wasik Billah al-Majid Sayyid Sa'id bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam, Sultan of the Saidi State of Muscat and Oman and dependencies, GCMG, GCIE, by his second wife, H.H. Shaikha Miyzun bint Ahmad al-Qahtani al-Ma'ashaniyah [Mazoon], *Sayyida Al-Jalila*, *educ*. Sa'idiyyah Sch, Salalah, Dhofar, Feltsham House, Bury St Edmunds, Suffolk, RMA Sandhurst, Camberley, Surrey, Oxford Univ and Bedford Coll, London. Cmsnd as 2nd-Lieut British Army 1962, attached 1st Btn, The Cameronians (Scottish Rifles) and served with them in the BAOR in West Germany 1962-1963 & 1964-1966, administrative and local government trainee (public admin & accounting) with Bury St Edmunds Council 1963-1964. Deposed his father and assumed full ruling powers, 23rd July 1970. Assumed the title of *Sultan of Oman and Dependencies* together with the style of *His Majesty* 9th August 1970, following the resumption of the full independence of his realm. Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces, Field Marshal Royal Army of Oman, Admiral of the Fleet Royal Navy of Oman, Marshal of the Royal Air Force of Oman, and Supreme Commander Royal Oman Police 1974-2020. Hon Gen British Army. Chief Scout of the Sultanate of Oman 1983-2020. Patron Ghallah Wentworth Golf Club 1970-2020, Oman Science Club, Royal Oman Symphony Orchestra 1985-2020, al-Jabal al-Akhadar Centre for Boys, Omani Organisation for Charitable Works 1996-2020, etc. Mbr Royal Omani Amateur Radio Soc. *Rcvd*: the Grand Collars of the Orders of the Nile of the Republic of Egypt (27.11.1972), and Pahlavi of Iran (3.3.1974), the Badr Chain (20.3.1990) and the Collar of the Order of King 'Abdu'l Aziz (23.12.2006, 1st class x.12.1971) of Saudi Arabia, the Collars of the Orders of the Federation of the United Arab Emirates, Hussein ibn Ali of Jordan, Independence of the State of Qatar, Republic of the Yemen (x.10.1993), Muhammadiya of Morocco (1994), Chrysanthemum of Japan, and Mubarak the Great of Kuwait (28.12.2009), GC of the Orders of Merit of the Republic of Italy (22.4.1974), Merit of the Federal Republic of Germany special grade, Merit of the Lebanon special

class, Omyyad of Syria, Independence of Tunisia with collar, Isabella the Catholic with collar of Spain (11.12.1985, GC x.10.1983), Legion of Honour of France (31.5.1989), Good Hope of South Africa (1999), Redeemer of Greece (25.11.2006), and the Netherlands Lion (10.1.2012), the Royal Family Order of the Crown of Brunei (DKMB) (15.12.1984), Order of the Torch of Kilimandjaro 1st class of Tanzania (1985), the Grand Star of the Decoration of Honour for Merit of Austria (31.3.2001), the Orders of al-Khalifa 1st class of Bahrain (x.6.1972), Star of the Republic of Indonesia 1st class or Adipurna (x.10.1976), State Crown of Malaysia (DMN) (4.12.1991), Pakistan 1st class (*Nishan-i-Pakistan*) (21.4.2001), Friendship 1st class of Kazakhstan (10.12.2001), Temasek 1st class of Singapore (12.3.2009), 2500th Anniversary Medal in gold of Iran (1971), etc. *m*. at Muscat, 22nd March 1976 (*div*. 1979), H.H. Sayyida Nawal bint Tariq Al-Sa'id [Kamila] (*b*. at Muscat, 20th November 1951; *m*. second, 2005,...), younger daughter of his paternal uncle, H.H. Sayyid Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id, sometime Prime Minister, by his second wife, H.H. Sayyida Shawana bint Ahmad bin Hilal Al-Busaidiyah [Umm Talal], daughter of Sayyid Ahmad bin Hilal bin 'Ali Al-Busaidi. He *d.s.p*. from colon cancer, at Beit al-Baraka Palace, Muscat, 10th January 2020 (*bur*. there, at the Royal Cemetery, Bawshar).



2020 H.M. Sultan Sayyid Haitham bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id, Sultan of Oman and Dependencies, GCMG (15.12.2021), GCVO (26.11.2010). *b*. at Muscat, 13th October 1954, fourth son of H.H. Sayyid Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id, sometime Prime Minister of Oman, by his first wife, H.H. Sayyida Shawana bint Hamud Al-Busaidiyah [Umm Qais], *educ*. Al-Sa'idia Sch, Muscat, Brummana High Sch, Brummana, Lebanon, and Pembroke Coll, Oxford. Joined Ministry for Foreign Affairs 1986, Under Sec 1986-1992, Under Sec for Political Affairs 1992-1996, Sec-Gen 1996-2002, Minister for Heritage & Culture 2002-2004, Hon Minister for Heritage & Culture 2004-2020. Proclaimed as *Sultan of Oman and Dependencies* together with the style of *His Majesty* following the death of his paternal first cousin, and took the oath before an emergency session of Parliament, at al-Bustan, 11th January 2020. Supreme Commander of the Armed Forces, Field Marshal Royal Army of Oman, Admiral of the Fleet Royal Navy of Oman, Marshal of the Royal Air Force of Oman, and Supreme Commander Royal Oman Police since 2020. Patron-in-Chief of the Oman Cricket Club (OCC). Hon President Al-Seeb Club since 1982 (Dir 1978-1979), Oman Cricket Club since 2016, and Handicapped Children's Care Assoc. President Omani Football Assoc Governing Council 1983-1986, and Omani Japanese Friendship Assoc. Chair Board of Trustees of the National Museum, National

Organizing Cttee for the Asian Games 2010 (Muscat), and the Supreme Cttee for Oman 2040. Hon Life Mbr Cricket Club of India (CCI) (2004), etc. Hon Dr Tashkent Acad of Sciences & Islamic Studies (2018). *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 1st class (2005, 3rd class 1984), the Orders of Al-Russoukh 1st class (23.11.2010), and Sultan Qaboos 2nd class (1986), the Collars of the Orders of King 'Abdu'l Aziz of Saudi Arabia (11.7.2021, 1st class 24.12.2006), Independence of Qatar (22.11.2021), Zayd of the UAE (27.9.2022), Shaikh 'Isa bin Salman al-Khalifa of Bahrain (24.10.2022), the Nile of Egypt (21.5.2023), Mubarak the Great of Kuwait (6.2.2024), Hussein ibn 'Ali of Jordan (22.5.2024), and the Cedars of the Lebanon (9.12.2025), the Sword of the Founder Shaikh Jassim bin Muhammad Al-Thani of Qatar (2012), GC of the Orders of the Netherlands Lion (15.4.2025) and Orange-Nassau of the Netherlands (10.1.2012), the Renaissance special class of Jordan (5.10.2022), Leopold of Belgium (3.12.2024), and Isabella the Catholic with collar of Spain (29.10.2025), the National Order of Merit Al-Athir of Algeria (29.10.2024), State Order of the Republic of Türkiye (28.11.2024), the Grand Decoration of Honour for Merit of Austria (31.3.2001), King William Alexander Inauguration Medal of the Netherlands (2013), etc. *m*. H.H. Sayyida Ahad bint 'Abdu'llah Al-Busaidiyah, *Sayyida Al-Jalila* (*b*. at Muscat, 4th April 1970), granted the personal title of *Sayyida Al-Jalila* together with the style of *Her Highness* 11th January 2020, *rcvd*: the Supreme Order of Honour (*Wisam al-Sharaf al-'Azam*) (16.11.2025), GC of the Order of Leopold II of Belgium (6.5.2025), daughter of H.E. Sayyid 'Abdu'llah bin Hamad bin Saif Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Musandam, by his wife, Sayyida Khalisa bint Nasir bin Yarub Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of Sayyid Nasir bin Yarub bin Hamud Al-Busaidi. He has issue, two sons and two daughters:

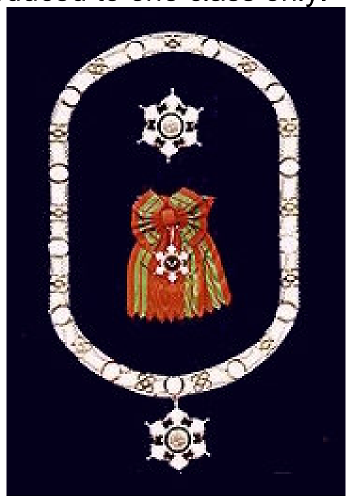
- 1) Brigadier-General H.H. Sayyid Theyazin bin Haitham bin Tariq Al-Sa'id, Crown Prince of Oman. *b*. at Muscat, 21st August 1990, *educ*. Oxford Brookes Univ (MA), Headington, Oxfordshire, and the RMA Sandhusrt, Camberley, Surrey. Joined Ministry of Foreign Affairs 2013, Second Sec Omani Embassy in London 2013-2020, Minister for Culture, Sports and Youth since 2020, Deputy Prime Minister for Economic Affairs since 2026. Appointed as Heir Apparent with the title of Crown Prince 12th January 2021. Cmsnd as 2nd-Lieut 22/7/2022. *Rcvd*: the Civil Order of Oman 1st class (18.11.2024), 50th National Day (2020), and Sultan Haitham Accession (2020) medals, the Order of Shaikh 'Isa bin Salman al-Khalifa 1st class of Bahrain (7.1.2024), and Sandhurst Medal (22.7.2022). *m*. (first) at the Hall of Mirrors, Al-Alam Palace, Muscat, 11th November 2021 (*nikah*) and 21st November 2021 (*zifaf*) (*div*. 9th March 2022), H.H. Sayyida Meyyan bint Shihab bin Tariq Al-Sa'id, educ. Brunel Univ (BA), Uxbridge, and Imperial Coll (MBA), London, artist, professional photographer, interior designer and project manager, Chair Oman Design Assoc, and Dawam Platform, Dir Al Shohab International, etc, daughter of his paternal uncle, Rear-Admiral H.H. Sayyid Shihab bin Tariq bin Taimur al-Mu'azzam Al-Sa'id, sometime Deputy Prime Minister for Defense Affairs, by his wife, H.H. Sayyida Rawda bint 'Abdu'llah bin Hamad Al-Busaidiyah, daughter

of H.E. Sayyid ‘Abdu’llah bin Hamad bin Saif Al-Busaidi, sometime Governor of Musandam. *m*. (second) at the Hall of Mirrors, Al-Alam Palace, Muscat, 24th April 2025 (*nikah*) and at Al-Baraka Al-Amer Palace, Muscat, 1st May 2025 (*zifaf*), H.H. Sayyida ‘Aliya bint Muhammad bin Hilal Al-Sammar Al-Busaidiyah, daughter of Sayyid Muhammad bin Hilal bin Hamad Al-Sammar Al-Busaidi.

- 2) H.H. Sayyid Bilarab bin Haitham bin Tariq Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Muscat, 10th January 1995, *educ*. British American Acad, Muscat, and Central Saint Martins, Univ of the Arts London (UAL) (Dip. Design & Arts 2012, BA (Hons) Architecture 2018). Hon Chair of the Promising Omani Startup Programme since 2022, and Main Cttee of Bilarab bin Haitham Award for Architectural Design since 2022. Rcvd: the Civil Order of Oman 1st class (18.11. 2024), 50th National Day (2020), and Sultan Haitham Accession (2020) medals. *m*. at the Hall of Mirrors, Al-Alam Palace, Muscat, 15th June 2021, H.H. Sayyida ... bint Hamud bin Sultan bin Hamad Al-Sammar Al-Busaidi, daughter of H.E. Sayyid Hamud bin Sultan bin Hamad Al-Sammar Al-Busaidi, Dir of the State Counselors Affairs Dept and Snr Adviser at the Diwan of the Royal Court. He has issue, a son:
    - a) H.H. Sayyid Haitham bin Bilarab bin Haitham Al-Sa’id. *b*. at Muscat, 11th December 2023.
- 1) H.H. Sayyida Thuraya bint Haitham bin Tariq Al-Sa’id.
- 2) H.H. Sayyida Omaima bint Haitham bin Tariq Al-Sa’id.

ORDERS AND DECORATIONS

- The Order of Said (*Wisam al-Saidi*): founded by Sultan Sayyid Faisal bin Turki as the Order of the Saidi State of Oman (*Wisam ud-Daula al-Saidi al-Omaniya*) in 1913 and awarded in several classes. Revived and modified by Sultan Qaboos in 1982, reduced to one class only.



- *The Civil Order of Oman - Special class, collar, breast star, sash and sash badge, and collar badge*

- The Order of Oman (*Wisam al-Oman*): founded by Sultan Qaboos on 23rd July 1970, expanded and modified in 1976 and 1982. Awarded in a special class (*al-Sharif*, or the Honourable), and five ordinary classes (First, Second, Third, Fourth and Fifth class). The latter, awarded in a military and a civil division.



- *The Military Order of Oman - First class, sash and sash badge (L), and breast star (R)*



- *The Civil Order of Oman - First class, breast star (L) and Second class, neck badge (R)*
- The Order of the Renaissance of Oman (*Wisam al-Nahdat al-Oman*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1974, modified and extended in 1982. Awarded in a special class (*al-Ali*, or the Exalted) and four ordinary classes (First, Second, Third, and Fourth class).



- *The Order of the Renaissance - First class, sash badge.*
- The Order of Sultan Qaboos (*Wisam al-Sultan Qaboos*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1985. Awarded in three classes (First, Second and Third class).



- *The Order of Sultan Qaboos - First Class, breast star in brilliants*.

- The Order of Na'oman (*Wisam al-Na'oman*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1982. Conferred for outstanding services in the fields of diplomacy and foreign relations. Awarded in a special class (*al-Qiladat*, or Collar), and three ordinary classes (First, Second, and Third class).



- *The Order of Na'oman - Second Class, breast star*

- The Order of Achievement (*Wisam al-Amajat*): founded by Sultan Qaboos 18th November 1995. Awarded for outstanding achievements in all fields. Awarded in a special class (*al-Qiladat*, or Collar), and three ordinary classes (First, Second, and Third class).
  The Order of Appreciation (*Wisam al-Taqdir*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1990. Awarded in two classes.



- *The Order of Appreciation - Second class, badge.*

- The Sultan Qaboos Order of Merit (*Wisam Sahat al-Jilalat al-Sultan Qaboos*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1977. Awarded for services in the fields of commerce and industry, agriculture and sport, in one class only.
  The Order of Honour (*Wisam al-Imtiaz*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1978. Awarded in one class only.
  The Order of Merit (*Wisam al-Asthaq*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1982 and awarded in one class with an attached medal.



- *The Sultan Qaboos Order for Science and Culture - Second class, badge.*

- The Sultan Qaboos Order for Science and Culture (*Wisam Litaqafat wa al-'Aloom al-Sultan Qaboos*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1990 to reward meritorious services in the fields of science, cultur, the arts and education. Awarded in three classes.
  The Order of the Special Royal Emblem (*Wisam al-Saghir A'ait al-Sultaniat al-Khasat*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos on 18th November 1985 to commemorate the fifteenth anniversary of his accession to the throne. Awarded to Omani and expatriate officers who served in the Omani military forces., for their loyal and faithful services Awarded in two classes (1. gold, for Omani officers accompanied by an inscribed gold signet ring, and 2. silver, for expatriate officers).

MEDALS

The Sultan's Gallantry Medal (*Midal al-Bisalat al-Sultaniat*): instituted by Sultan Said bin Taimur in October 1960. Awarded for supreme acts of gallantry in the face of the enemy. Addional acts of gallantry may be signified by an award of a bar. .



The Sultan's Gallantry Medal.

The Sultan's Bravery Medal (*Midal Jura'at us-Sultan ul-Battuli*): instituted by Sultan Said bin Taimur in January 1968. Awarded for brave and distinguished conduct in the face of the enemy. Addional acts of bravery may be signified by an award of a bar. .



The Sultan's Bravery Medal (L) and the Sultan's Commendation Medal (R).

The Sultan's Distinguished Service Medal (*Midal Khidmat al-Mumtaza us-Sultaniya*): instituted by Sultan Said bin Taimur in 1967. Awarded for distingusihed service or devotion to duty over a long period, and for conspicuous acts of gallantry at risk of life, but not in the face of the enemy. WKhM

The Commendation Medal (*Midal ut-Tawsit*): instituted by Sultan Said bin Taimur in 1960. Originally awarded for acts of brave conduct of a standard lower than that for the Gallantry Medal, but later converted into an award for distinguished service and leadership. .



The Sultan's Distinguished Service Medal (L) and Sultan Qaboos Police Medal (R).

The Sultan Qaboos Police Medal (*Midal al-Sharatat al-Sultan Qaboos*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1975 as the Oman Police Distinguished Service Medal and altered to the current decoration by him in 1980.

The Medal for Courage: instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1975 as a reward for gallant and distinguished service by members of the Royal Oman Police, Fire and Prison services.

The Special Service Medal of the Royal Omani Guards (*Midal al-Khidmat al-Khasat al-Haras al-Sultani al-Omani*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1985. Originally awarded to commemorate the fifteenth annivesary of independence, later converted into a permanent award for five years of distinguished service by members of the Royal Guards. .



The Special Service Medal of the Sultan's Special Forces (L) and the Royal Omani Guards (C), and the Campaign Medal (R).

The Special Service Medal of the Sultan's Special Forces (*Midal al-Khidmat al-Khasat Qawat al-Sultaniya al-Khasat*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1985. Awarded for five years of distinguished service by members of the Special Forces.

Campaign Medal (*Midal al-Hamalat*): instituted by Sultan Said bin Taimur in 1959 for those officers and men who participated in the Jebel Akhdar campaign between 1st November 1958 and 1st February 1959.

General Service Medal (*Midal al-Khidmat al-Alamat*): instituted by Sultan Said bin Taimur in 1959, as a reward for general military service.

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The General Service Medal (L) and the As-Samood Medal (R).

As-Samood Medal (*Midal al-Samood*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1976, to recognise services during the long campaign in Dhofar between 23rd May 1965 and 2nd December 1975.

The Omani Peace Medal (*Midal al-Salam al-Omani*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1976. .



The Oman Peace Medal.

The Sultan's Meritorious Service Medal (*Midal al-Kafa'at al-Sultani*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1975 as a reward for meritorious service by members of the Royal Oman Police, Fire and Prison services.

Accession Medal (*Midalat al-'Atala'at al-'Arash*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos to commemorate his accession to the throne of Oman on 23rd July 1970. Awarded to those involved in the Sultan's coming to power, including members of the armed forces, intelligence services, police, air service, civil servants and Royal household. .



The Accession Medal (L), 10th Anniversary Medal (C) and 15th Anniversary Medal (R).

Tenth Anniversary Medal (*Midal al-'Aid al-Watani al-'A'ashir al-Majid*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos on 27th July 1980 to commemorate the tenth anniversary of his accession to the throne of Oman in 1970.

Fifteenth Anniversary Medal (*Midal al-'Aid al-Watani al-Khamas wa A'ashir al-Majid*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos on 18th November 1985 to commemorate the fifteenth anniversary of his accession to the throne of Oman in 1970.

Twentieth Anniversary Medal (*Midal al-'Aid al-Watani al-'Ishirin al-Majid*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos on 18th November 1990 to commemorate the twentieth anniversary of his accession to the throne of Oman in 1970. .



The 20th Anniversary Medal (L), 25th Anniversary Medal (C) and the Long Service & Good Conduct Medal (R).

Twenty-fifth Anniversary Medal (*Midal al-'Aid al-Watani al-Khamas wa 'Ishirin al-Majid*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1995 to commemorate the twenty-fifth anniversary of his accession to the throne of Oman in 1970.

Thirteith Anniversary Medal: instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 2000 to commemorate the thirtieth anniversary of his accession to the throne of Oman in 1970.

The Long Service and Good Conduct Medal (*Midal al-Khidmat al-Saluk al-Tawilat wa Hasan*): instituted by Sultan Said bin Taimur in 1960 as a reward for a minimum of twelve years of long service and good conduct within the Omani armed forces. .



The Police Long Service and Good Conduct Medal.

The Sultan's Police Long Service and Good Conduct Medal (*Midal al-Khidmat al-Saluk al-Tawilat wa Hasan al-Sultani*): instituted by Sultan Said bin Taimur in 1975 as a reward for a minimum of twelve years of long service and good conduct within the Royal Oman Police, fire and prison services.



The Sultan's Medal for Champion Shots

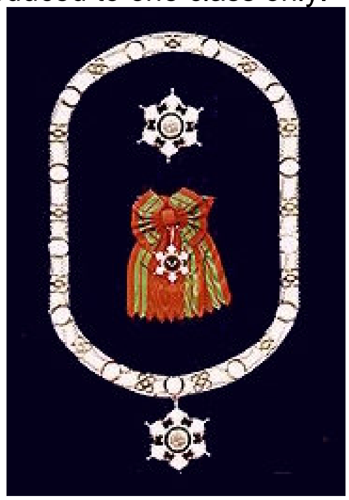
The Sultan's Medal for Champion Shots (*Midal al-Ramait wa Sha'ir al-Banaduqiat 'Ali al-Sharit*): instituted by Sultan Qaboos in 1983 to recognise the winner of the champion shot in the annual national small arms shooting competition.



- *The Special Royal Decoration for Officers, second class in silver.*

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  - *The Order of Na'oman - Second Class, breast star*
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- *The Order of Appreciation - Second class, badge.*

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The Sultan Qaboos Order for Science and Culture - Second class, badge.

- The Sultan Qaboos Order for Science and Culture (*Wisam Litaqafat wa al-'Aloom al-Sultan Qaboos*): founded by Sultan Qaboos in 1990 to reward meritorious services in the fields of science, cultur, the arts and education. Awarded in three classes.
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